

**UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

Washington, DC 20549

**FORM 8-K**

**Current Report Pursuant  
to Section 13 or 15(d) of the  
Securities Exchange Act of 1934**

Date of Report (Date of earliest event Reported): **May 4, 2021**

**THERAVANCE BIOPHARMA, INC.**

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

**Cayman Islands**  
(State or Other Jurisdiction of  
Incorporation)

**001-36033**  
(Commission File Number)

**98-1226628**  
(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

**PO Box 309  
Ugland House, South Church Street  
George Town, Grand Cayman, Cayman Islands KY1-1104  
(650) 808-6000**

(Addresses, including zip code, and telephone numbers, including area code, of principal executive offices)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions (see General Instruction A.2. below):

- Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
- Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Ordinary Share \$0.00001 Par Value	TBPH	NASDAQ Global Market

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§ 230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§ 240.12b-2 of this chapter).

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

**Item 2.02. Results of Operations and Financial Condition.**

On May 4, 2021, Theravance Biopharma, Inc. issued a press release and is holding a conference call regarding its financial results for the quarter ended March 31, 2021 and a business update. A copy of the press release is furnished as Exhibit 99.1 to this Current Report and a copy of materials that will accompany the call is furnished as Exhibit 99.2 to this Current Report. Additionally, a copy of an Appendix of additional materials is furnished as Exhibit 99.3 to this Current Report.

The information in Item 2.02 and in Item 9.01 of this Current Report on Form 8-K, including Exhibits 99.1, 99.2 and 99.3, is being furnished and shall not be deemed “filed” for the purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Securities Exchange Act of 1934”), or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that Section, nor shall it be incorporated by reference in any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, except as expressly set forth by specific reference in such a filing.

**Item 9.01. Financial Statements and Exhibits.**

(d) Exhibits.

[99.1](#) [Press Release dated May 4, 2021](#)

[99.2](#) [Slide deck entitled First Quarter 2021 Financial Results and Business Update](#)

[99.3](#) [Slide deck entitled Appendix May 4, 2021](#)

104 Cover Page Interactive Data File (cover page XBRL tags embedded within the Inline XBRL document)

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**SIGNATURE**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

**THERAVANCE BIOPHARMA, INC.**

Date: May 4, 2021

By: /s/ Andrew Hindman

Andrew Hindman

Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

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## Theravance Biopharma, Inc. Reports First Quarter 2021 Financial Results and Provides Business Update

- Ø Company completed enrollment for Phase 2 nezulcitinib (TD-0903, COVID lung hyperinflammation) and Phase 2b izencitinib (ulcerative colitis) studies, is near completion of enrollment for ampreloxetine Phase 3, and reaffirms readout timing for these trials
- Ø Company updates timing for izencitinib (Crohn's disease) readout to late Q4/early Q1 2022
- Ø Company's implied 35% share of YUPELRI<sup>®</sup> (revefenacin) net sales<sup>1</sup>: \$12.9 million
- Ø TRELEGY<sup>®</sup> Q1 2021 global net sales hit a record \$341 million, up 37% from Q1 2020. Company is entitled to tiered royalties of 5.5% to 8.5% on TRELEGY net sales<sup>2</sup>

**DUBLIN, IRELAND – MAY 4, 2021** – Theravance Biopharma, Inc. (“Theravance Biopharma” or the “Company”) (NASDAQ: TBPH) today reported financial results for the first quarter of 2021.

“2021 is on track to be a transformational year as we make significant progress towards our business goals,” said Rick E Winningham, Chief Executive Officer. “Our commercial assets provide cash flow to invest in our diversified clinical pipeline. GSK's TRELEGY continues an exceptional, unabated growth trajectory. Our YUPELRI team, with our partner Viatris, continues to drive performance despite pandemic-associated headwinds. While we experienced slightly down sequential quarter-over-quarter net sales results, our January 2021 market share was 19%—its highest level since launch—and we ended the quarter on a strong note with March volume demand demonstrating 28% growth over February.”

“Additionally, we are focused on advancing development of our innovative and differentiated pipeline. We continue to progress nezulcitinib, our wholly-owned nebulized lung-selective pan-JAK inhibitor, our potentially best-in-class ampreloxetine for symptomatic neurogenic orthostatic hypotension and izencitinib, our oral gut-selective pan-JAK inhibitor for inflammatory bowel disease that is partnered with Janssen Pharmaceuticals. Our team is looking forward to four significant clinical readouts between now and Q1 2022: our Phase 2 nezulcitinib trial in Q2, our Phase 3 ampreloxetine and Phase 2b izencitinib Ulcerative Colitis trials each in Q3, and the Phase 2 izencitinib Crohn's disease trial in Q4/Q1 2022. We remain committed to delivering each of these clinical data sets with the highest quality as expeditiously as possible.”

<sup>1</sup> While Viatris Inc. (“Viatris”) records the total YUPELRI net sales, the Company is entitled to a 35% share of the profits and losses pursuant to a co-promotion agreement with Viatris.

<sup>2</sup> As reported by Glaxo Group Limited or one of its affiliates (GSK); reported sales converted to USD; economic interest related to TRELEGY (the combination of fluticasone furoate, umeclidinium, and vilanterol (FF/UMEC/VI), jointly developed by GSK and Innoviva, Inc.) entitles the Company to upward tiering payments equal to approximately 5.5% to 8.5% on worldwide net sales of the product (net of Theravance Respiratory Company, LLC (TRC) expenses paid and the amount of cash, if any, expected to be used in TRC over the next four fiscal quarters). 75% of the income from the Company's investment in TRC is pledged to service outstanding notes and 25% of income from the Company's investment in TRC is retained by the Company.

### Upcoming Clinical Milestones

- **Q2 2021: Nezulcitinib** (nebulized lung-selective pan-Janus kinase (JAK) inhibitor) Phase 2 for acute hyperinflammation of the lung in COVID-19 (study 0188) – enrollment complete and topline results expected in Q2.
- **Q3 2021: Amprexetine** (norepinephrine reuptake inhibitor) Phase 3 for symptomatic neurogenic orthostatic hypotension (study 0169) – enrollment near complete and topline results expected in Q3.
- **Q3 2021: Izencitinib** (gut-selective oral pan-JAK inhibitor for inflammatory intestinal diseases) Phase 2b in ulcerative colitis (study 0157) – enrollment complete and topline results expected in Q3.
- **Q4 2021/Q1 2022: Izencitinib** (gut-selective oral pan-JAK inhibitor for inflammatory intestinal diseases) due to enrollment challenges, Phase 2 in Crohn's disease (study 0173) – enrollment ongoing and topline results now expected in late Q4 2021/early Q1 2022.

### Quarterly Highlight

- Ø **YUPELRI**<sup>®</sup> (revefenacin) inhalation solution, the first and only once-daily, nebulized bronchodilator approved in the U.S. for the maintenance treatment of patients with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD), continued to increase its share of the long-acting nebulized COPD market, increasing to 19.0% in January 2021, up from 18.6% in December 2020.

### Economic Interest

- **TRELEGY** (first once-daily single inhaler triple therapy for COPD and asthma), in which the Company holds an economic interest, posted first quarter 2021 global net sales of \$341 million (up from \$249 million, 36.9%, in the first quarter of 2020); Theravance Biopharma is entitled to tiered royalties of 5.5% to 8.5% of TRELEGY global net sales.<sup>3</sup>

### First Quarter Financial Results

- **Revenue:** Total revenue for the first quarter of 2021 was \$14.3 million, comprised of non-cash collaboration revenue of \$3.9 million primarily attributed to our global collaboration with Janssen and \$10.4 million in Viatriis collaboration revenue. Total revenue for the first quarter represents a \$5.6 million decrease over the same period in 2020.
- **YUPELRI:** The Viatriis collaboration revenue of \$10.4 million for the first quarter of 2021 represents amounts receivable from Viatriis and is comprised of the Company's 35% share of net sales of YUPELRI as well as its proportionate amount of the total shared costs incurred by the two companies. The non-shared YUPELRI costs incurred by Theravance Biopharma are recorded within operating expenses. While Viatriis records the total net sales of YUPELRI within its financial statements, our implied 35% share of net sales of YUPELRI for the first quarter of 2021 was \$12.9 million.
- **Research and Development (R&D) Expenses:** R&D expenses for the first quarter of 2021 were \$67.6 million, compared to \$66.0 million in the same period in 2020. First quarter R&D expenses included total non-cash share-based compensation of \$7.9 million.

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<sup>3</sup> As reported by Glaxo Group Limited or one of its affiliates (GSK); reported sales converted to USD; economic interest related to TRELEGY (the combination of fluticasone furoate, umeclidinium, and vilanterol (FF/UMEC/VI), jointly developed by GSK and Innoviva, Inc.) entitles the Company to upward tiering payments equal to approximately 5.5% to 8.5% on worldwide net sales of the product (net of Theravance Respiratory Company, LLC (TRC) expenses paid and the amount of cash, if any, expected to be used in TRC over the next four fiscal quarters). 75% of the income from the Company's investment in TRC is pledged to service outstanding notes and 25% of income from the Company's investment in TRC is retained by the Company.



- **Selling, General and Administrative (SG&A) Expenses:** SG&A expenses for the first quarter of 2021 were \$30.6 million, compared to \$26.3 million in the same period in 2020. First quarter SG&A expenses included total non-cash share-based compensation of \$7.9 million.
- **Operating Loss:** Operating loss for the first quarter of 2021 was \$83.9 million compared to \$72.5 million in the same period of 2020.
- **Cash Position:** Cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities totaled \$210.0 million as of March 31, 2021.

#### **2021 Financial Guidance**

- **Operating Expenses** (excluding share-based compensation): The Company expects full year 2021 R&D expense of \$195 million to \$225 million, and SG&A expense of \$80 million to \$90 million.

#### **Conference Call and Live Webcast Today at 5 pm ET**

**Theravance Biopharma will hold a conference call and live webcast accompanied by slides today at 5 pm ET / 2 pm PT / 10 pm IST.** To participate, please dial (855) 296-9648 from the U.S. or (920) 663-6266 for international callers, using the confirmation code 1092615. Those interested in listening to the conference call live via the internet may do so by visiting [Theravance.com](http://Theravance.com), under the Investors section, Presentations and Events.

A replay will be available on [Theravance.com](http://Theravance.com) for 30 days through June 3, 2021. An audio replay will also be available through 8:00 pm ET on May 11, 2021, by dialing (855) 859-2056 from the U.S., or (404) 537-3406 for international callers, and then entering confirmation code 1092615.

#### **About Theravance Biopharma**

Theravance Biopharma, Inc. is a diversified biopharmaceutical company primarily focused on the discovery, development and commercialization of organ-selective medicines. Its purpose is to pioneer a new generation of small molecule drugs designed to better meet patient needs. Its research is focused in the areas of inflammation and immunology.



In pursuit of its purpose, Theravance Biopharma applies insights and innovation at each stage of its business and utilizes its internal capabilities and those of partners around the world. The Company applies organ-selective expertise to target disease biologically, to discover and develop medicines that may expand the therapeutic index with the goal of maximizing efficacy and limiting systemic side effects. These efforts leverage years of experience in developing lung-selective medicines to treat respiratory disease, including FDA-approved YUPELRI<sup>®</sup> (revefenacin) inhalation solution indicated for the maintenance treatment of patients with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD). Its pipeline of internally discovered programs is targeted to address significant patient needs.

Theravance Biopharma has an economic interest in potential future payments from Glaxo Group Limited or one of its affiliates (GSK) pursuant to its agreements with Innoviva, Inc. relating to certain programs, including TRELEGY.

For more information, please visit [www.theravance.com](http://www.theravance.com).

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YUPELRI<sup>®</sup> is a registered trademark of Mylan Specialty L.P., a Viatris company. Trade names or service marks of other companies appearing on this press release are the property of their respective owners



This press release contains and the conference call will contain certain "forward-looking" statements as that term is defined in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 regarding, among other things, statements relating to goals, plans, objectives, expectations and future events. Theravance Biopharma intends such forward-looking statements to be covered by the safe harbor provisions for forward-looking statements contained in Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Examples of such statements include statements relating to: the Company's goals, designs, strategies, plans and objectives, the Company's regulatory strategies and timing of clinical studies (including the data therefrom), the potential characteristics, benefits and mechanisms of action of the Company's product and product candidates, the potential that the Company's research programs will progress product candidates into the clinic, the Company's expectations for product candidates through development, the Company's expectations regarding its allocation of resources, potential regulatory approval and commercialization (including their differentiation from other products or potential products), product sales or profit share revenue and the Company's expectations for its expenses, excluding share-based compensation and other financial results. These statements are based on the current estimates and assumptions of the management of Theravance Biopharma as of the date of the press release and the conference call and are subject to risks, uncertainties, changes in circumstances, assumptions and other factors that may cause the actual results of Theravance Biopharma to be materially different from those reflected in the forward-looking statements. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those indicated by such forward-looking statements include, among others, risks related to: disagreements with Innoviva, Inc. and TRC LLC, the uncertainty of arbitration and litigation and the possibility that the results of these proceedings could be adverse to the Company, delays or difficulties in commencing, enrolling or completing clinical studies, the potential that results from clinical or non-clinical studies indicate the Company's compounds or product candidates are unsafe or ineffective, risks that product candidates do not obtain approval from regulatory authorities, the feasibility of undertaking future clinical trials for our product candidates based on policies and feedback from regulatory authorities, dependence on third parties to conduct clinical studies, delays or failure to achieve and maintain regulatory approvals for product candidates, risks of collaborating with or relying on third parties to discover, develop, manufacture and commercialize products, and risks associated with establishing and maintaining sales, marketing and distribution capabilities with appropriate technical expertise and supporting infrastructure. In addition, while we expect the effects of COVID-19 to continue to adversely impact our business operations and financial results, the extent of the impact on our ability to generate revenue from YUPELRI® (revefenacin), our clinical development programs (including but not limited to our later stage clinical programs for iclizumab and ampreloxtine), and the value of and market for our ordinary shares, will depend on future developments that are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted with confidence at this time. These potential future developments include, but are not limited to, the ultimate duration of the COVID-19 pandemic, travel restrictions, quarantines, social distancing and business closure requirements in the United States and in other countries, other measures taken by us and those we work with to help protect individuals from contracting COVID-19, and the effectiveness of actions taken globally to contain and treat the disease, including vaccine availability, distribution, acceptance and effectiveness. Other risks affecting Theravance Biopharma are in the Company's Form 10-K filed with the SEC on February 26, 2021 and other periodic reports filed with the SEC. In addition to the risks described above and in Theravance Biopharma's filings with the SEC, other unknown or unpredictable factors also could affect Theravance Biopharma's results. No forward-looking statements can be guaranteed, and actual results may differ materially from such statements. Given these uncertainties, you should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. Theravance Biopharma assumes no obligation to update its forward-looking statements on account of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by law.

Contact: Gail B. Cohen  
Corporate Communications  
917-214-6603



**THERAVANCE BIOPHARMA, INC.**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**  
(In thousands)

	<b>March 31, 2021</b>	<b>December 31, 2020</b>
	<b>(Unaudited)</b>	<b>(1)</b>
<b>Assets</b>		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents and short-term marketable securities	\$ 209,968	\$ 292,941
Receivables from collaborative arrangements	11,915	15,868
Receivables from licensing arrangements	-	-
Amounts due from TRC, LLC	42,359	53,799
Prepaid clinical and development services	18,792	20,374
Other prepaid and current assets	10,037	10,359
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>293,071</b>	<b>393,341</b>
Property and equipment, net	16,944	16,422
Operating lease assets	42,517	43,260
Equity in net assets of TRC, LLC	19,439	12,750
Restricted cash	833	833
Other assets	2,304	2,451
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 375,108</b>	<b>\$ 469,057</b>
<b>Liabilities and Shareholders' Deficit</b>		
Current liabilities	\$ 86,492	\$ 123,571
Convertible senior notes due 2023, net	227,230	226,963
Non-recourse notes due 2035, net	375,181	372,873
Long-term operating lease liabilities	57,026	47,220
Other long-term liabilities	2,397	2,181
Shareholders' deficit	(373,218)	(303,751)
<b>Total liabilities and shareholders' deficit</b>	<b>\$ 375,108</b>	<b>\$ 469,057</b>

(1) The condensed consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2020 has been derived from the audited consolidated financial statements included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020.



**THERAVANCE BIOPHARMA, INC.**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS**  
(In thousands, except per share data)

	<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>	
	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>
	<b>(Unaudited)</b>	
<b>Revenue:</b>		
Collaboration revenue	\$ 3,872	\$ 6,632
Licensing revenue	-	1,500
Viartis collaboration agreement	10,385	11,730
<b>Total revenue</b>	<b>14,257</b>	<b>19,862</b>
<b>Costs and expenses:</b>		
Research and development (1)	67,599	66,013
Selling, general and administrative (1)	30,550	26,325
<b>Total costs and expenses</b>	<b>98,149</b>	<b>92,338</b>
Loss from operations	(83,892)	(72,476)
Income from investment in TRC, LLC	16,547	13,515
Interest expense	(11,873)	(9,941)
Loss on extinguishment of debt	-	(15,464)
Interest and other income, net	(234)	1,460
Loss before income taxes	(79,452)	(82,906)
Provision for income tax expense	(227)	(147)
<b>Net loss</b>	<b>\$ (79,679)</b>	<b>\$ (83,053)</b>
<b>Net loss per share:</b>		
Basic and diluted net loss per share	\$ (1.24)	\$ (1.40)
Shares used to compute basic and diluted net loss per share	64,493	59,463

(1) Amounts include share-based compensation expense as follows:

<b>(In thousands)</b>	<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>	
	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>
Research and development	\$ 7,921	\$ 7,865
Selling, general and administrative	7,911	7,411
<b>Total share-based compensation expense</b>	<b>\$ 15,832</b>	<b>\$ 15,276</b>





Medicines That Make a Difference<sup>®</sup>

# First Quarter 2021 Financial Results and Business Update

May 4, 2021

THERAVANCE BIOPHARMA<sup>®</sup>, THERAVANCE<sup>®</sup>, the Cross/Star logo and MEDICINES THAT MAKE A DIFFERENCE<sup>®</sup> are registered trademarks of the Theravance Biopharma group of companies (in the U.S. and certain other countries). All third party trademarks used herein are the property of their respective owners.

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## Forward-looking statements

Under the safe harbor provisions of the U.S. Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, the company cautions investors that any forward-looking statements or projections made by the company are subject to risks and uncertainties that may cause actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements or projections.

Examples of forward-looking statements in this presentation may include the Company's goals, designs, strategies, plans and objectives, the Company's regulatory strategies and timing of clinical studies (including the data therefrom), the potential characteristics, benefits and mechanisms of action of the Company's product and product candidates, the potential that the Company's research programs will progress product candidates into the clinic, the Company's expectations for product candidates through development, the Company's expectations regarding its allocation of resources, potential regulatory approval and commercialization (including their differentiation from other products or potential products), product sales or profit share revenue and the Company's expectations for its expenses, excluding share-based compensation and other financial results.

The company's forward-looking statements are based on the estimates and assumptions of management as of the date of this presentation and are subject to risks and uncertainties that may cause the actual results to be materially different than those projected, such as risks related to the impacts on the COVID-19 global pandemic on our business, delays or difficulties in commencing, enrolling or completing clinical studies, the potential that results from clinical or non-clinical studies indicate the Company's compounds or product candidates are unsafe or ineffective, risks that product candidates do not obtain approval from regulatory authorities, the feasibility of undertaking future clinical trials for our product candidates based on policies and feedback from regulatory authorities, dependence on third parties to conduct clinical studies, delays or failure to achieve and maintain regulatory approvals for product candidates, risks of collaborating with or relying on third parties to discover, develop, manufacture and commercialize products, and risks associated with establishing and maintaining sales, marketing and distribution capabilities with appropriate technical expertise and supporting infrastructure, disagreements with Innoviva, Inc. and TRC LLC, the uncertainty of arbitration and litigation and the possibility that an arbitration award or litigation result could be adverse to the Company.

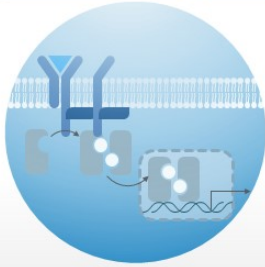
Other risks affecting Theravance Biopharma are in the company's Form 10-K filed with the SEC on February 26, 2021, and other periodic reports filed with the SEC.

# Agenda

<b>Introduction</b>	<b>Gail B. Cohen</b> Vice President, Corporate Communications
<b>Overview</b>	<b>Rick E Winningham</b> Chief Executive Officer
<b>Development and Commercial Update</b>	<b>Richard A. Graham</b> Senior Vice President, Development <b>Frank Pasqualone</b> Senior Vice President, Chief Business Officer
<b>Financial Update</b>	<b>Andrew A. Hindman</b> Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer
<b>Closing Remarks</b>	<b>Rick E Winningham</b> Chief Executive Officer

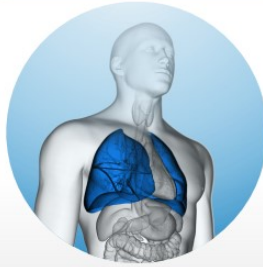
# Theravance Biopharma difference: Targeting disease with organ selective medicines

## Pathway



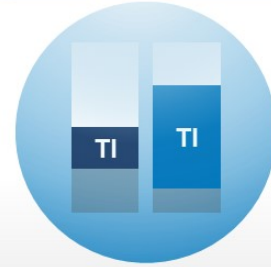
Target disease biology

## Disease



Optimize effect in the organ  
where the disease is active

## Therapeutic Index



Expand TI with the goal of  
maximizing efficacy and  
limiting systemic side effects

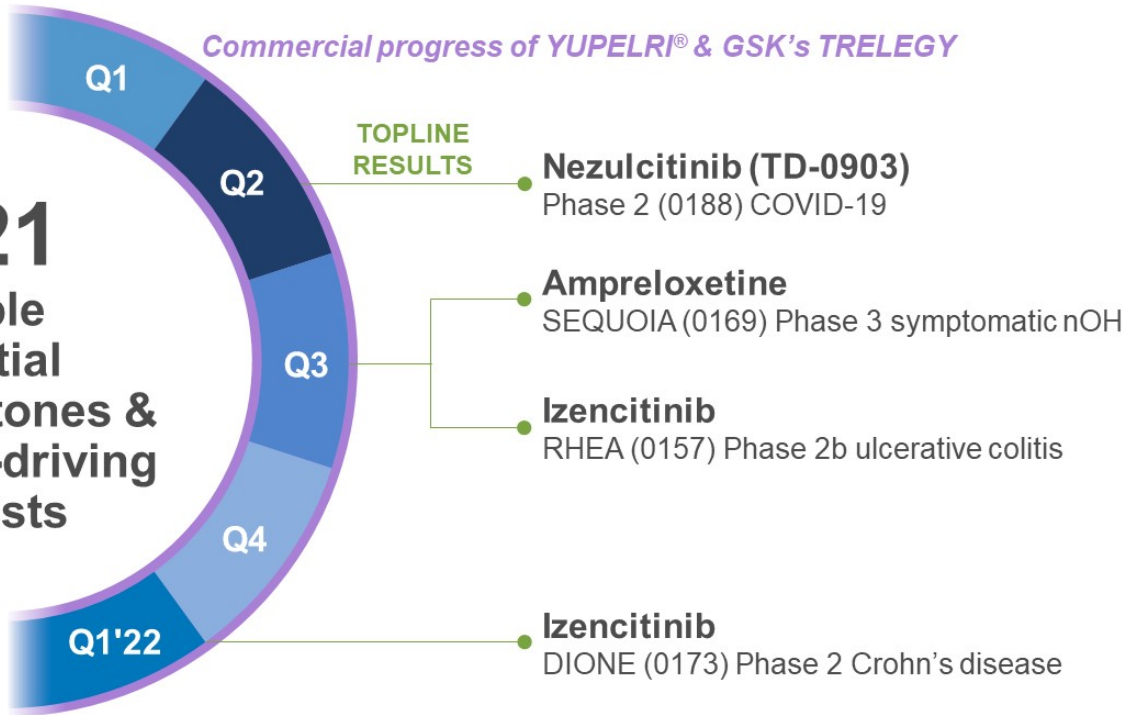
Pioneering a new generation of small molecule drugs  
designed to better meet patient needs

# Key programs supported by proven development and commercial expertise

	Program	Indication	Research	Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase 3	Filed	Marketed	Collaborator
Organ-Selective	<b>Ampeloxetine (TD-9855)</b> NRI	Symptomatic nOH	Phase 3						Wholly-owned
	<b>Izencitinib (TD-1473)</b> GI JAKi	UC	Phase 2b/3					Janssen Biotech, Inc.	
		CD	Phase 2						
	<b>TD-5202</b> Irreversible JAK3i	Inflammatory intestinal diseases	Phase 1						
	<b>YUPELRI® (revefenacin)</b> LAMA	COPD	Marketed					VIATRIS™	
	<b>Nezulcitinib (TD-0903)</b> Inhaled JAKi	COVID-19	Phase 2					Wholly-owned	
	<b>TD-8236</b> Inhaled JAKi	Asthma	Phase 2						
<b>Inhaled ALK5i</b>	Idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis	Phase 1							
Economic Interests	<b>TRELEGY<sup>1</sup></b> FF/UMECEVI	COPD	Marketed					GSK & Innoviva, Inc.	
		Asthma	Marketed						
	<b>Skin-selective JAKi</b>	Dermatological diseases	Research						

Commercial progress of YUPELRI® & GSK's TRELEGY

2021  
Multiple  
potential  
milestones &  
value-driving  
catalysts







## Nezulcitinib (TD-0903) Program

Nebulized lung-selective pan-JAK inhibitor to treat:

- ▶ Acute hyperinflammation of the lung in COVID-19
  - ▶ Chronic inflammation for the treatment and prevention of lung transplant rejection
-

# Nezulcitinib (TD-0903): breaking new ground with inhaled JAKi

Focused execution in acute lung injury (ALI) driven by patient need

## COVID-19 MARKET DYNAMICS

>149M COVID-19 patients globally<sup>1</sup>;  
>32M patients in US<sup>2</sup>

56% of US population ≥1 vaccine dose; 40% fully vaccinated<sup>3</sup>

Virus still surging in communities / parts of the world<sup>1</sup>

5 variants of concern in US<sup>4</sup>

Declining but substantial proportion of population refusing vaccination<sup>5</sup>

Disproportionate burden on people of color<sup>6</sup>

Treatments needed for hospitalized COVID-19 patients with acute lung injury

### TD-0903 Dose finding placebo controlled data<sup>7</sup>

- ▶ Generally well-tolerated
- ▶ Low systemic exposure
- ▶ Positive trend in clinical status, reduced hospital stay
- ▶ No deaths in 3, 10 mg cohorts
- ▶ Improved oxygenation from baseline to Day 7
- ▶ Improved inflammatory biomarkers

Only therapeutic in development with nebulized lung-targeted approach

## BUILDING A PIPELINE IN A PRODUCT

*Potential areas for exploration:*

ALI in COVID-19 in hospitalized patients

Preventing progression of lung hyperinflammation that leads to hospitalization

Accelerated recovery of long-haul COVID-19 patients

Future applications for coronavirus and influenza inflammation

Prevention of lung transplant rejection

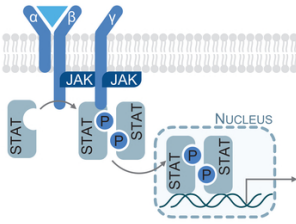


# Nezulcitinib: a lung-selective inhaled immunotherapy in development

## Broadly inhibits the pulmonary inflammatory cascade caused by viral infection

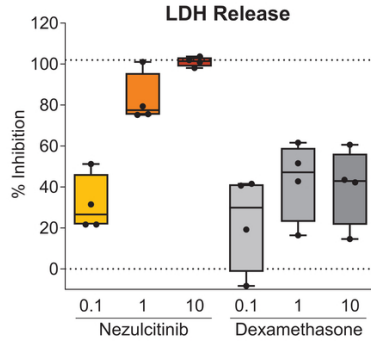
Potential therapeutic benefit via three activities:

### Potent pan-JAK inhibition

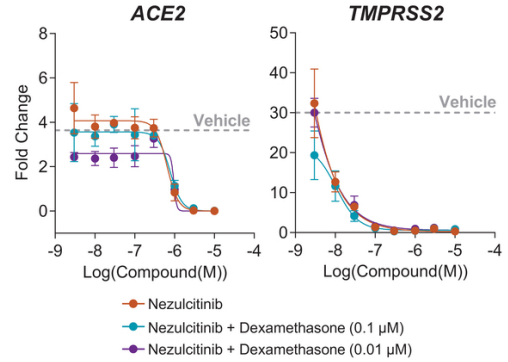


- Suppresses release of key inflammatory markers associated with COVID-19 from epithelial and immune cells (IFN $\gamma$ , IL-6, IP-10, MCP-1, GM-CSF)

### Protection against virus-induced cell death



### Prevention of cell entry, limiting virus dissemination in lung



**Our goal: nezulcitinib to be the first inhaled treatment to broadly interrupt viral-induced activation and restore immune system balance in the lung**



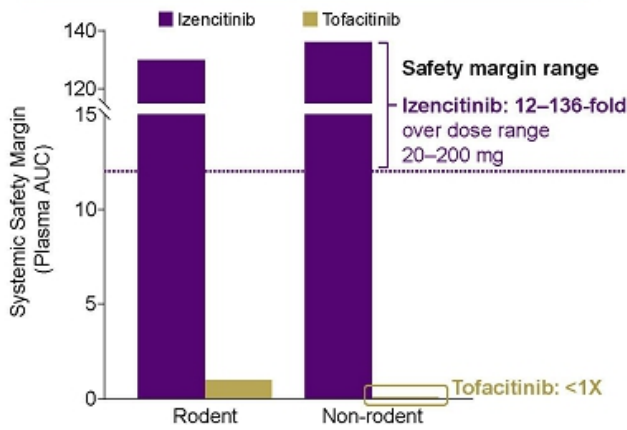
## **Izencitinib (TD-1473/JNJ-8398)**

Oral gut-selective pan-JAK inhibitor to treat  
inflammatory bowel diseases

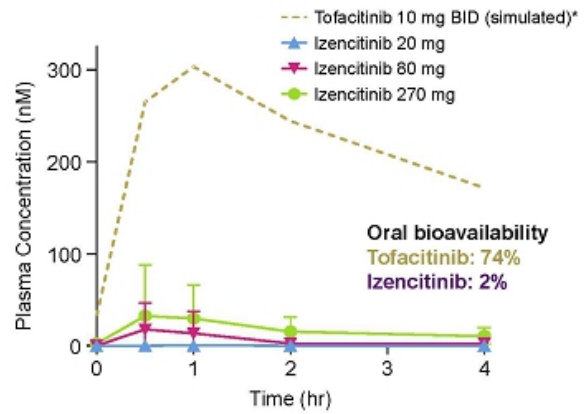


# Izencitinib's oral, gut-selective, pan-JAK approach is designed to reduce systemic side effects

High margins of systemic safety in nonclinical studies



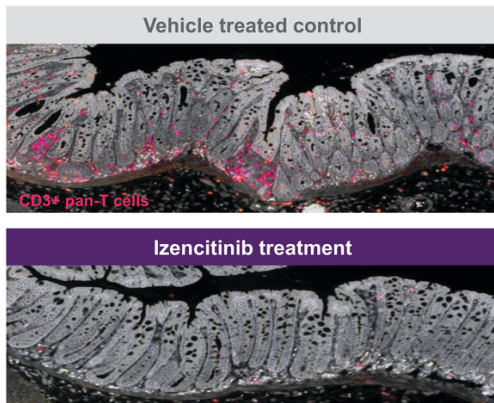
Low systemic plasma concentrations in UC patients



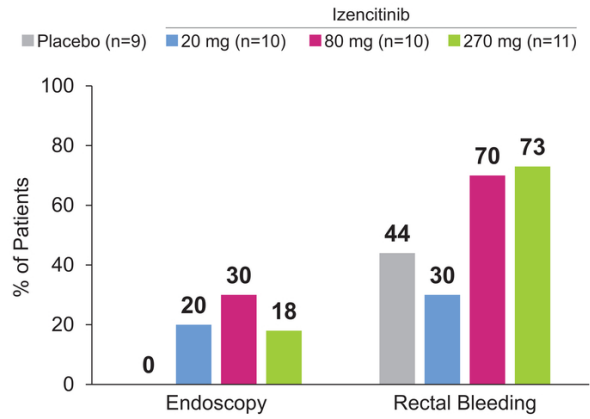
Gut selectivity confers low systemic exposure and offers the potential for reduced adverse effects

# Izencitinib's oral, gut-selective, pan-JAK approach is designed to maximize efficacy in IBD

Blocks inflammation and penetrates deep within mouse colon



Demonstrates improvement in UC patients in Phase 1b



The gut-selective approach is intended to maximize concentration where it matters, at the site of action in the GI tract



## **Ampreloxetine (TD-9855)**

Once-daily norepinephrine reuptake inhibitor to treat symptomatic neurogenic orthostatic hypotension

---



# Ampreloxetine: new approach in nOH

## MARKET DYNAMICS

~350K US patients<sup>1</sup>:  
70–80% of MSA patients<sup>2</sup>  
30–50% of PD patients<sup>3</sup> have nOH<sup>4</sup>

**Specialist network in place:** concentrated group of neurologists/ cardiologists treat patients; 'at risk' patients already identified and managed by specialty institutions

Physicians report **urgency to treat** due to high impact on patients' QoL, high risk of injury from falls and caregiver burden

**Established nOH Tx paradigm:** nOH included in medical treatment guidelines for PD/MSA patients; once diagnosed with nOH, patients prescribed drug

nOH profoundly impacts QoL

**Study 0169 primary endpoint:** Change from baseline in OHSA Question 1

**OHSA measures core nOH symptom:** Dizziness / lightheadedness due to brain hypoperfusion

**Clinically significant endpoint:** 1-point OHSA improvement

## SYMPTOMS

- ▶ Dizziness or lightheadedness
- ▶ Fatigue
- ▶ Difficulty walking
- ▶ Weakness
- ▶ Impaired cognition
- ▶ Pain (back of head/neck/shoulders)
- ▶ Blurred vision
- ▶ Tremulousness
- ▶ Vertigo

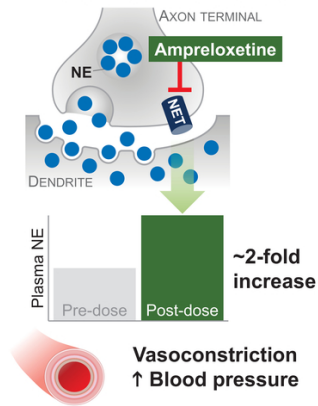
## IMPACT

Depression  
Social isolation  
Poor QoL  
Falls (fractures/head trauma)  
Morbidity

# Ampreloxadine: a once-daily, potent and selective norepinephrine reuptake inhibitor with a differentiated MOA for treating nOH

Ampreloxadine is designed to target and correct the norepinephrine imbalance...

NE Release at Neurovascular Junction

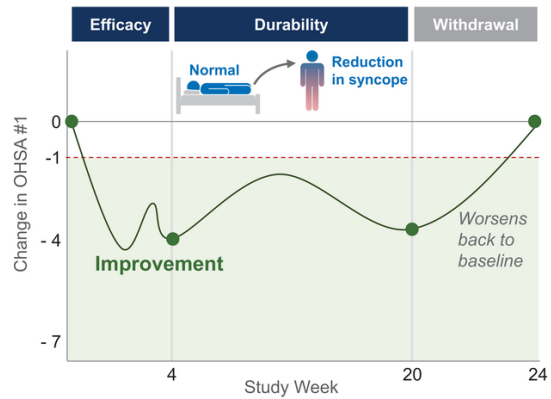


...with potential for market differentiation...

Current nOH treatment options:

- ▶ No durable effect
- ▶ Multiple daily dosing
- ▶ Black box warning for SH

...and demonstrated a clinically meaningful and durable impact<sup>1</sup>



Our goal: ampreloxadine to be the first treatment to demonstrate a sustained impact for patients managing the chronic and debilitating symptoms of nOH



FDA-approved for the maintenance treatment of COPD  
First and only once-daily, nebulized maintenance  
medicine for COPD





# YUPELRI® (revefenacin) inhalation solution

FDA-approved for the maintenance treatment of COPD

First and only once-daily, nebulized maintenance medicine for COPD



Once-daily LAMAs are first-line therapy for moderate-to-very severe COPD<sup>1</sup>

9% of COPD patients (~800,000) use nebulizers for ongoing maintenance therapy; 41% use nebulizers at least occasionally for bronchodilator therapy<sup>2</sup>

TBPH and VTRS worldwide strategic collaboration to develop and commercialize nebulized YUPELRI® (revefenacin)



Theravance  
Biopharma



+

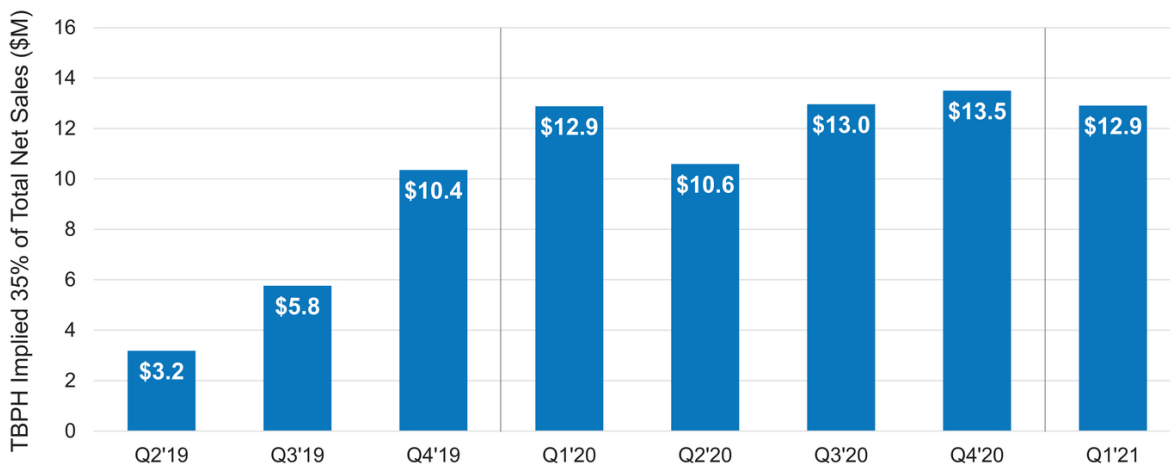
VIATRIS™

TBPH



Companies co-promote under US profit/loss share

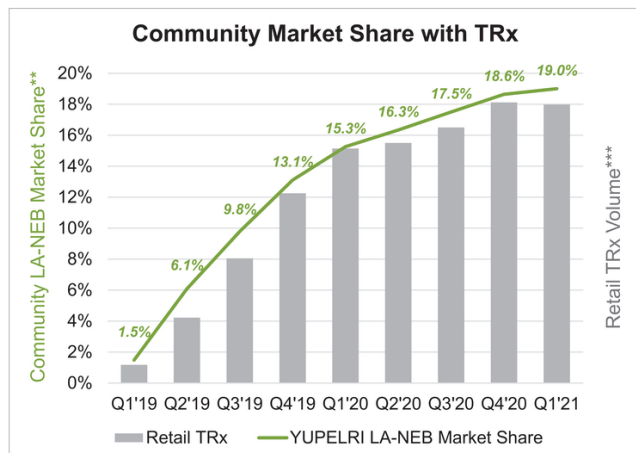
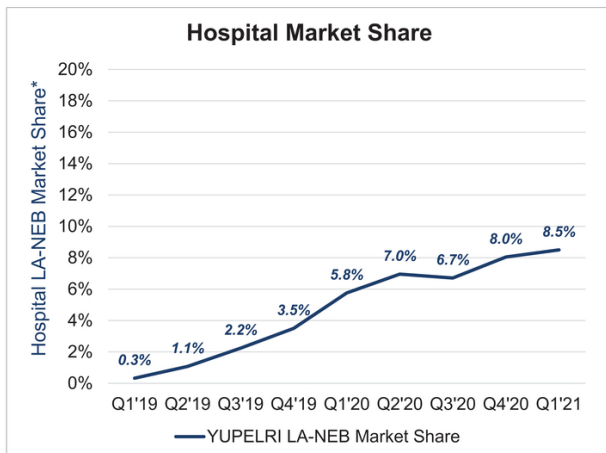
## TBPH implied 35% of YUPELRI® US net sales by quarter



TBPH implied 35% of YUPELRI US net sales represents TBPH's portion of the combined TBPH and VIATRIS net revenue

# YUPELRI® hospital sales and community TRx trends

Continued market share growth across both the hospital and retail channels



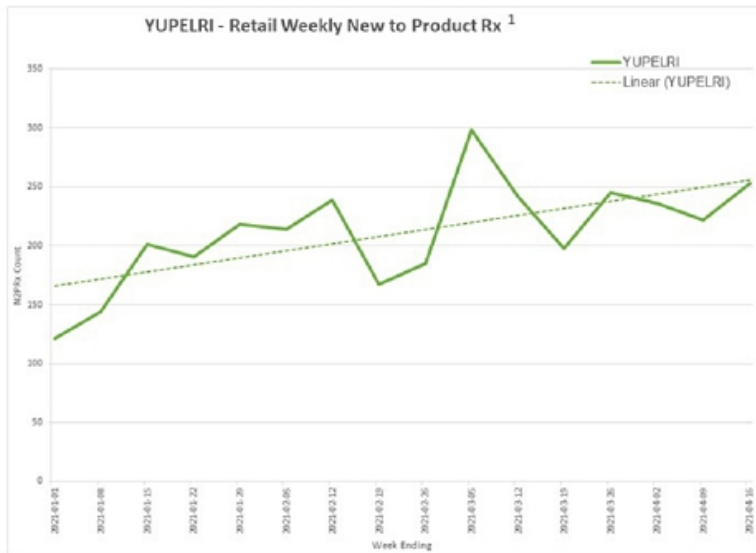
Most patients who receive YUPELRI® in the hospital are discharged with an Rx<sup>1</sup>

TRx volume represents retail only which is typically 33% of Retail + DME

\*\*Community LA-NEB Market Share includes Retail + DME / Med B FFS through January '21

LA-NEB Market: YUPELRI, BROVANA, LONHALA, PERFORMIST

# Positive growth trends for YUPELRI® continuing beyond March



Increasing New Patient Starts Continue to Drive LA-NEB Market Share Growth

## YUPELRI

- ✓ 719 hospital accounts have ordered<sup>2</sup>
  - 67% have ordered more than once
- ✓ 91% formulary win rate<sup>3</sup>
- ✓ Highest number of formulary support presentations in Q1'21 since launch
- ✓ 74% commercial coverage<sup>4</sup>



# Economic interest

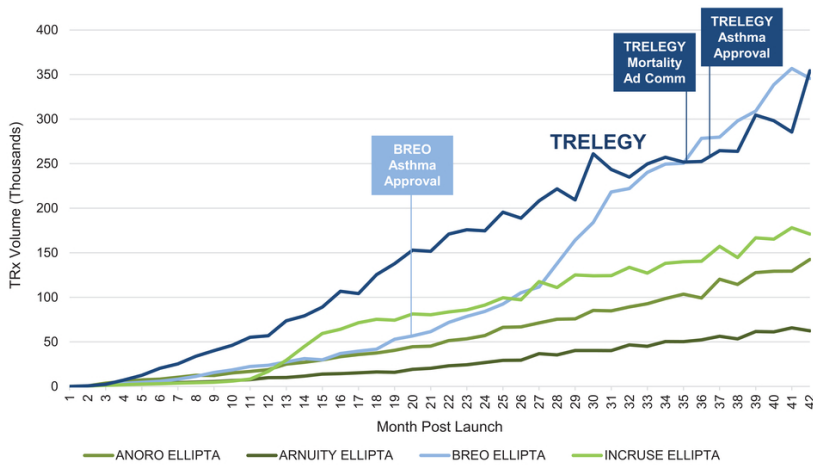
GSK's TRELEGY ELLIPTA (FF/UMEC/VI):  
First and only once-daily single inhaler triple therapy

---

# Economic interest in GSK's TRELEGY

Upward-tiering royalties of ~5.5–8.5% of worldwide net sales<sup>1</sup>

Strongest US ELLIPTA Launch



Launched in US in November 2017

Source: GSK, Symphony Health Metys monthly TRx data. Source: Symphony Health, Metys, September 2013 – March 2021, Monthly TRx Volume

## TRELEGY

- ✓ Q1 net sales of \$341MM
- ✓ Year-over-year sales growth of 37% from the same period in 2020
- ✓ US sales (\$238MM) benefited from new asthma indication approved and launched in Q3 2020
- ✓ International and EU sales grew to \$103M; asthma indication approved in Japan in Q4 2020

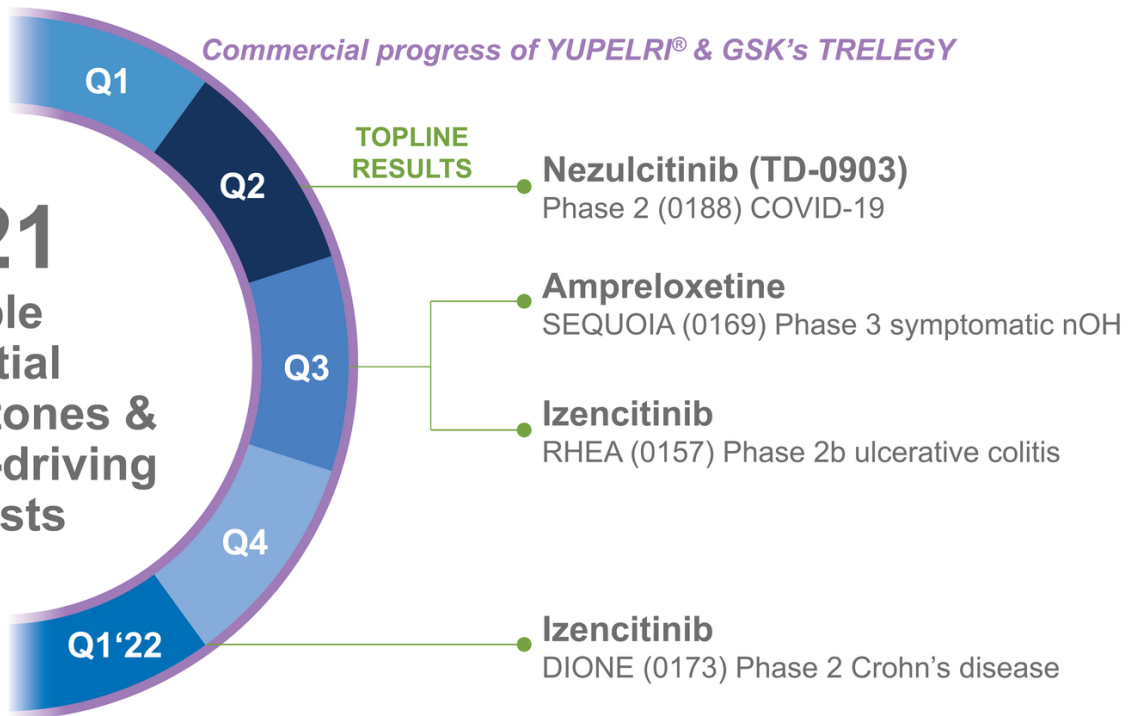
# First quarter 2021 financial highlights

\$210.0 million cash<sup>1</sup> as of March 31, 2021

(\$, in thousands)	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2021	2020
	(Unaudited)	
<b>Revenue:</b>		
Collaboration revenue	\$ 3,872	\$ 6,632
Licensing revenue	-	1,500
Viartis collaboration agreement	<u>10,385</u>	<u>11,730</u>
Total revenue	14,257	19,862
<b>Costs and expenses:</b>		
Research and development <sup>2</sup>	67,599	66,013
Selling, general and administrative <sup>2</sup>	<u>30,550</u>	<u>26,325</u>
Total costs and expenses	<u>98,149</u>	<u>92,338</u>
<b>Loss from operations</b>	<b>(83,892)</b>	<b>(72,476)</b>
<b>Share-based compensation expense:</b>		
Research and development	7,921	7,865
Selling, general and administrative	<u>7,911</u>	<u>7,411</u>
Total share-based compensation expense	<u>15,832</u>	<u>15,276</u>
<b>Operating expense excluding share-based compensation:</b>		
Research and development operating expense excluding share-based compensation	59,678	58,148
Selling, general and administrative operating expense excluding share-based compensation	\$ 22,639	\$ 18,914

Commercial progress of YUPELRI® & GSK's TRELEGY

2021  
Multiple  
potential  
milestones &  
value-driving  
catalysts





**Rick E Winningham**  
Chairman and Chief Executive Officer



**Andrew A. Hindman**  
Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer



**Frank Pasqualone**  
Senior Vice President, Chief Business Officer



# Q&A Session

**Richard A. Graham**  
Senior Vice President, Development





# About YUPELRI® (revefenacin) inhalation solution

YUPELRI® (revefenacin) inhalation solution is a once-daily nebulized LAMA approved for the maintenance treatment of COPD in the US.

Market research by Theravance Biopharma indicates approximately 9% of the treated COPD patients in the US use nebulizers for ongoing maintenance therapy.<sup>1</sup> LAMAs are a cornerstone of maintenance therapy for COPD and YUPELRI® is positioned as the first once-daily single-agent bronchodilator product for COPD patients who require, or prefer, nebulized therapy. YUPELRI®'s stability in both metered dose inhaler and dry powder device formulations suggest that this LAMA could also serve as a foundation for novel handheld combination products.

# YUPELRI® (revefenacin) inhalation solution

YUPELRI® inhalation solution is indicated for the maintenance treatment of patients with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD).

## Important Safety Information (US)

YUPELRI is contraindicated in patients with hypersensitivity to revefenacin or any component of this product.

YUPELRI should not be initiated in patients during acutely deteriorating or potentially life-threatening episodes of COPD, or for the relief of acute symptoms, i.e., as rescue therapy for the treatment of acute episodes of bronchospasm. Acute symptoms should be treated with an inhaled short-acting beta2-agonist.

As with other inhaled medicines, YUPELRI can produce paradoxical bronchospasm that may be life-threatening. If paradoxical bronchospasm occurs following dosing with YUPELRI, it should be treated immediately with an inhaled, short-acting bronchodilator. YUPELRI should be discontinued immediately and alternative therapy should be instituted.

YUPELRI should be used with caution in patients with narrow-angle glaucoma. Patients should be instructed to immediately consult their healthcare provider if they develop any signs and symptoms of acute narrow-angle glaucoma, including eye pain or discomfort, blurred vision, visual halos or colored images in association with red eyes from conjunctival congestion and corneal edema.

Worsening of urinary retention may occur. Use with caution in patients with prostatic hyperplasia or bladder-neck obstruction and instruct patients to contact a healthcare provider immediately if symptoms occur.

Immediate hypersensitivity reactions may occur after administration of YUPELRI. If a reaction occurs, YUPELRI should be stopped at once and alternative treatments considered.

The most common adverse reactions occurring in clinical trials at an incidence greater than or equal to 2% in the YUPELRI group, and higher than placebo, included cough, nasopharyngitis, upper respiratory infection, headache and back pain.

Coadministration of anticholinergic medicines or OATP1B1 and OATP1B3 inhibitors with YUPELRI is not recommended.

YUPELRI is not recommended in patients with any degree of hepatic impairment.



Medicines That Make a Difference<sup>®</sup>

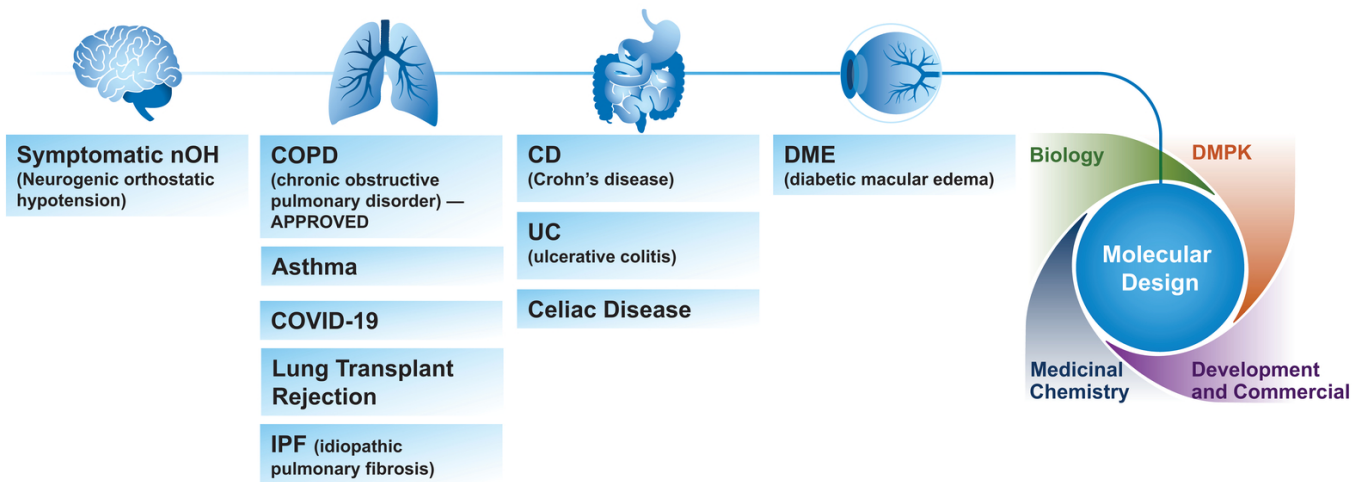
## Appendix

May 4, 2021

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# Research and development portfolio of designed molecules: brain, lung, GI and eye





# Nezulcitinib (TD-0903) Program

Nebulized lung-selective pan-JAK inhibitor to treat:

- ▶ Acute hyperinflammation of the lung in COVID-19
- ▶ Chronic inflammation for the treatment and prevention of lung transplant rejection



# Leveraging respiratory expertise for potential acute treatment in response to a global pandemic



**>149M**  
patients worldwide<sup>1</sup>

**>32M**  
US patients<sup>1</sup>

**~2.4%**  
patients become hospitalized<sup>2</sup>



**3 vaccines available via Emergency Use Authorization<sup>3,4</sup>**  
**1 approved treatment; 10 available via Emergency Use Authorization<sup>3,4</sup>**



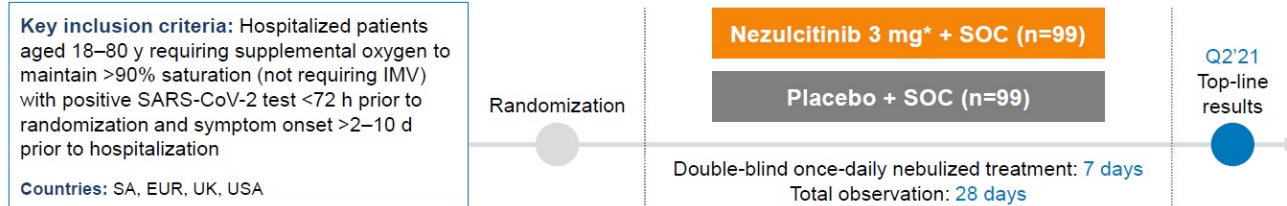
**TD-0903**

Inhaled lung-specific therapeutic: potential to be used in combination with other treatment modalities (e.g., antivirals) to provide additional therapeutic benefit with reduced risk of systemic immunosuppressive issues that may occur with systemic anti-inflammatories



# Nezulcitinib: Randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled Ph 2 study in hospitalized patients with COVID-19 requiring oxygen support

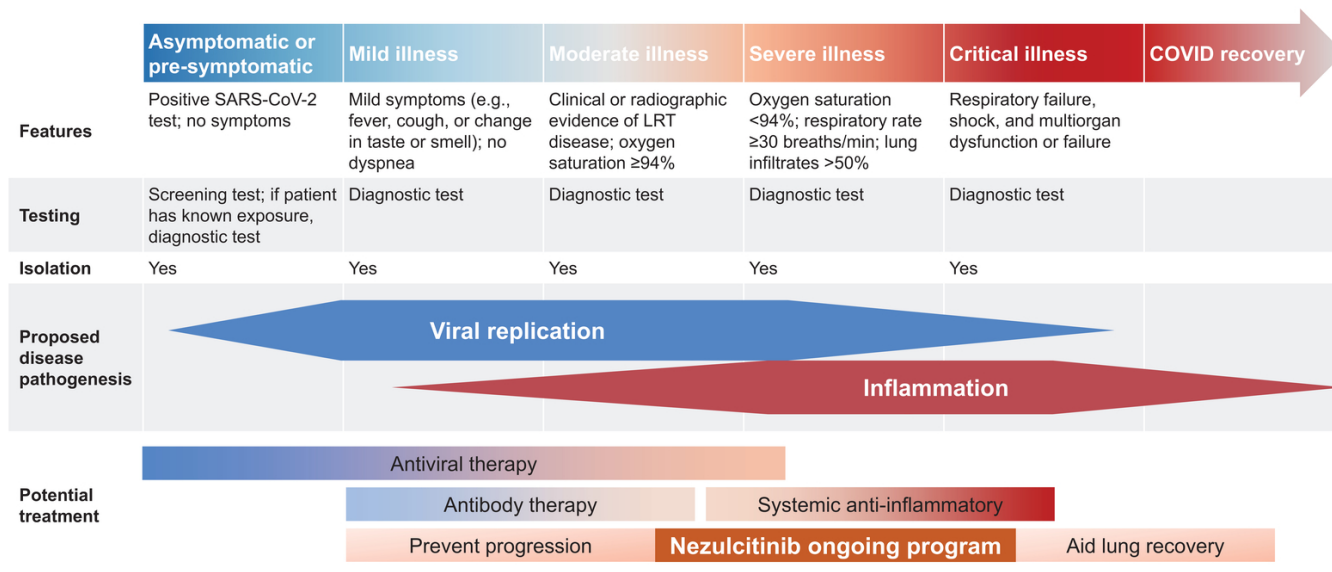
## Part 2 Study 0188



### Objectives

- ▶ **Primary:** Number of respiratory-free days from randomization through Day 28
- ▶ **Secondary:** Tolerability, PK
- ▶ **Exploratory:** Clinical status, duration of hospitalization, repeat-dose safety

# Potential for nezulcitinib to improve lung immune system balance across disease progression

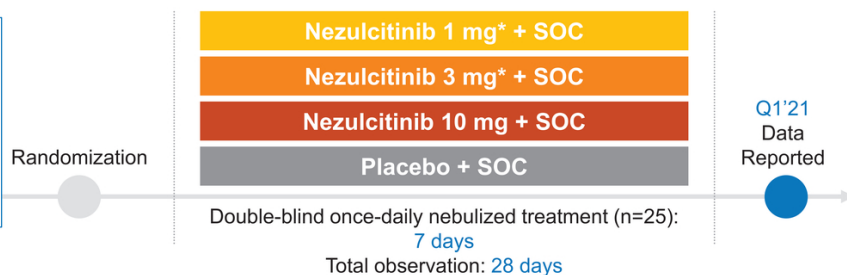


# Nezulcitinib: Phase 2 study in hospitalized patients with COVID-19 requiring oxygen support

## Dose Finding Data Study 0188

**Key inclusion criteria:** Hospitalized patients aged 18–80 y requiring supplemental oxygen to maintain >90% saturation (not requiring IMV) with positive SARS-CoV-2 test <72 h prior to randomization and symptom onset >2–10 d prior to hospitalization

**Countries:** SA, EUR, UK, USA



### Objectives

- ▶ **Primary:** Repeat-dose safety, tolerability, PK, oxygenation and biomarkers

### Results

- ▶ Nezulcitinib was generally well-tolerated, with no drug-related SAEs
- ▶ Low, dose-dependent systemic exposure at all doses
- ▶ Positive trend vs placebo in improving clinical status, oxygenation and reducing hospital stay
- ▶ No deaths in nezulcitinib 3 and 10 mg cohorts vs 2 on placebo and 1 in 1 mg cohort

# Executive Summary

Overall conclusions from Nezulcitinib Phase 2 dose finding data Study 0188

## Safety & Tolerability Findings

- ▶ Nezulcitinib was generally well-tolerated
- ▶ There were no drug-related serious adverse events
- ▶ One patient discontinued treatment on 10 mg dose because of isolated elevated liver function value

## PK Data

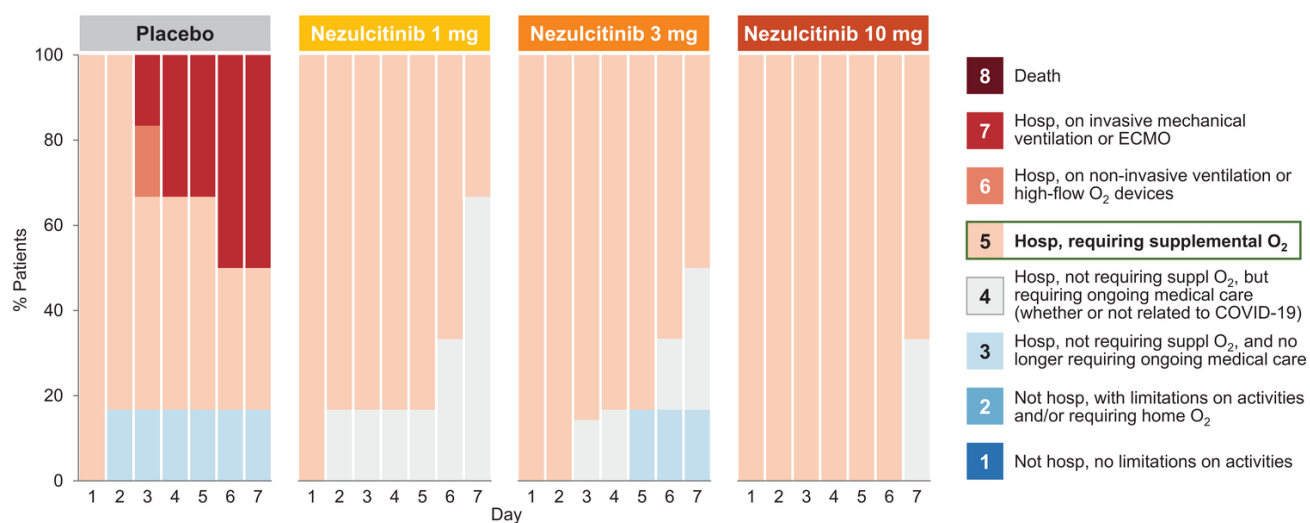
- ▶ Low, dose-dependent systemic exposure at all doses of nebulized nezulcitinib

## Exploratory Clinical Observations

- ▶ Positive trend vs placebo in improving clinical status and reducing hospital stay
- ▶ No deaths in 3 mg and 10 mg cohorts vs 2 on placebo and 1 in 1 mg cohort
- ▶ Nezulcitinib improved oxygenation (S/F ratio) from baseline to Day 7
- ▶ Nezulcitinib reduced several relevant inflammatory biomarkers vs placebo, including CRP, IL-10 and RAGE

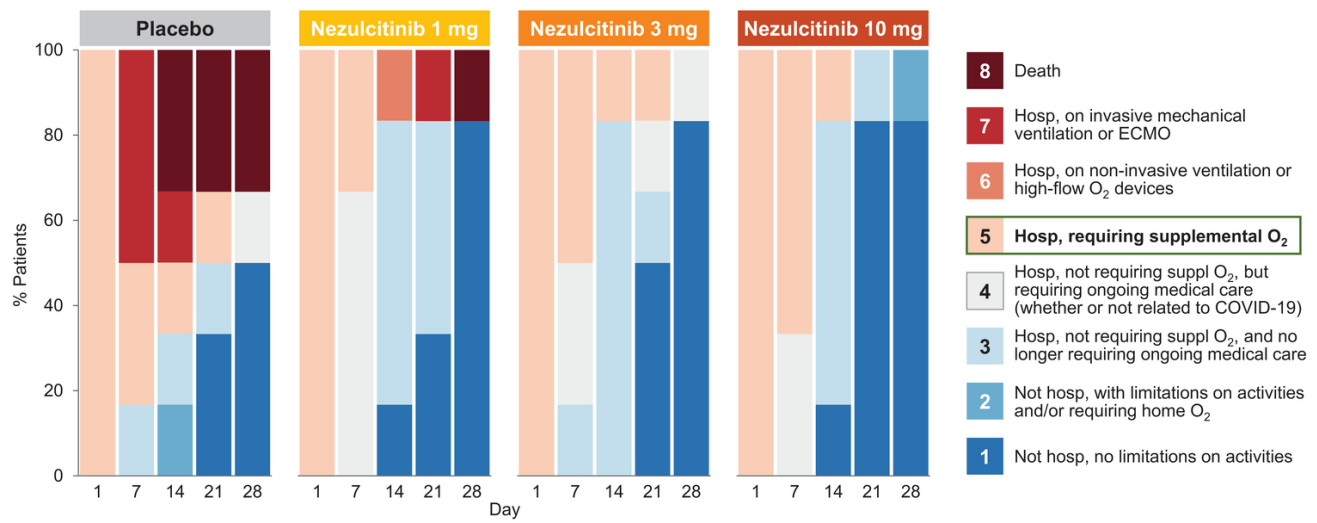
# Nezulcitinib appears to stabilize clinical status within 7 days, compared to placebo

- ▶ Nezulcitinib showed a positive trend toward more clinical improvement
- ▶ 50% of placebo patients required mechanical ventilation by Day 6



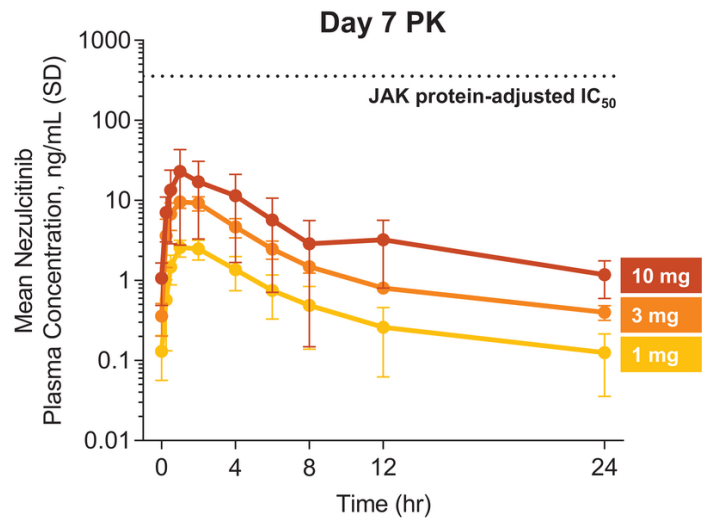
# Nezulcitinib shows numerical improvement in clinical status compared to placebo through 28 days

- ▶ 2 deaths on placebo and 1 death on 1 mg, but none on 3 and 10 mg groups
- ▶ More patients out of hospital and with no limitations by Day 28 with nezulcitinib than placebo

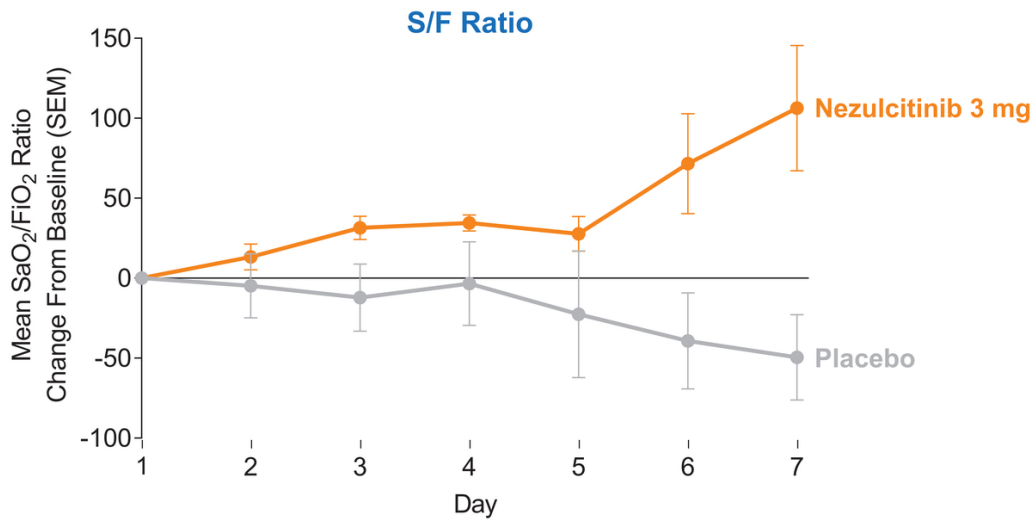


# Nezulcitinib lung-selective profile demonstrates low plasma exposure

- ▶ Day 7 steady-state exposures of nezulcitinib approximately dose proportional
- ▶ Initial loading dose on Day 1 for 1 mg and 3 mg doses in order to achieve near-steady-state exposures as quickly as possible
- ▶ Plasma exposures were low relative to estimated  $IC_{50}$  for systemic JAK inhibition



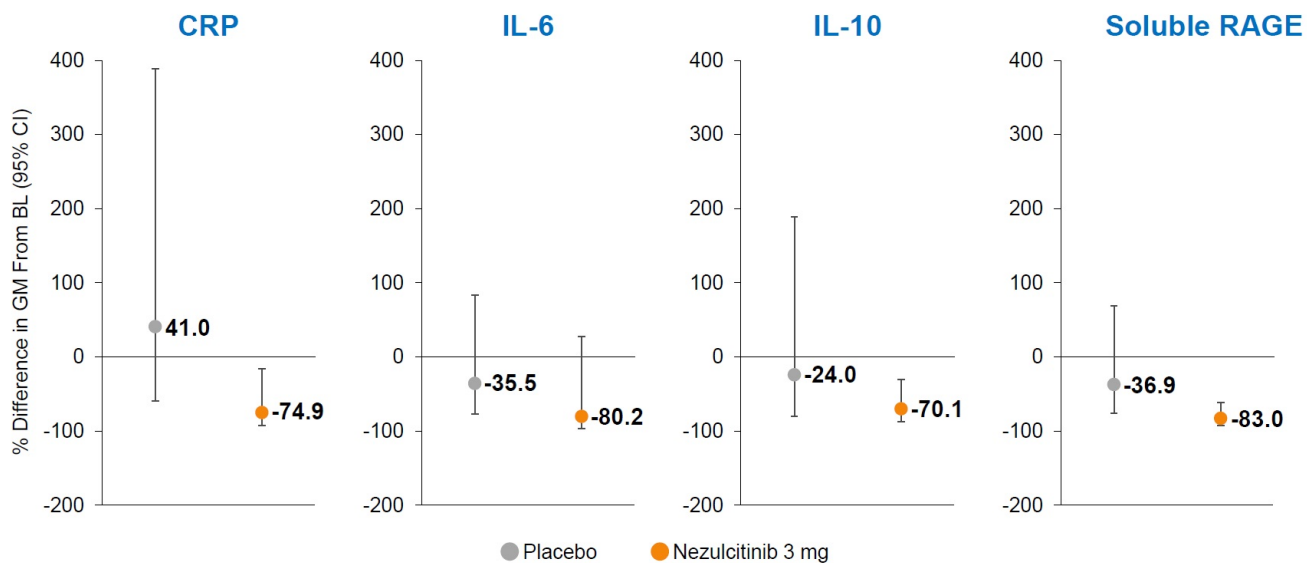
## Nezulcitinib 3 mg showed positive trend in improving blood oxygenation versus placebo as measured by S/F Ratio



Nezulcitinib 3 mg progressed to Phase 2 Part 2 with data expected Q2 2021




# Nezulcitinib 3 mg reduces relevant systemic biomarkers





## **Ampreloxetine (TD-9855)**

Once-daily norepinephrine reuptake inhibitor to treat symptomatic neurogenic orthostatic hypotension

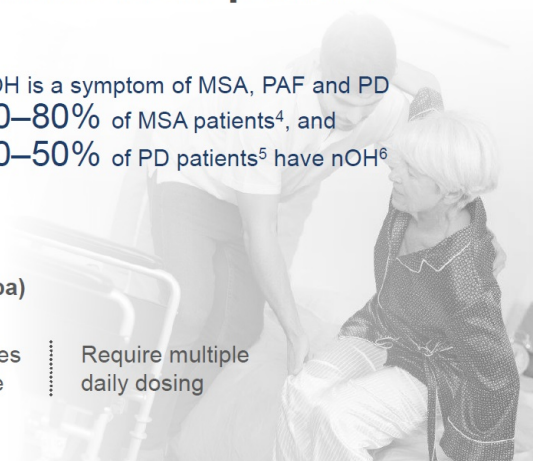


# Reduced quality of life, significant caregiver burden and limited therapeutic options for symptomatic nOH patients



**~350K** US patients<sup>1</sup>    **~700K** APAC patients<sup>2</sup>    **~700K** EU patients<sup>3</sup>

nOH is a symptom of MSA, PAF and PD  
70–80% of MSA patients<sup>4</sup>, and  
30–50% of PD patients<sup>5</sup> have nOH<sup>6</sup>



**Current treatments (midodrine, fludrocortisone, droxidopa) have significant limitations**

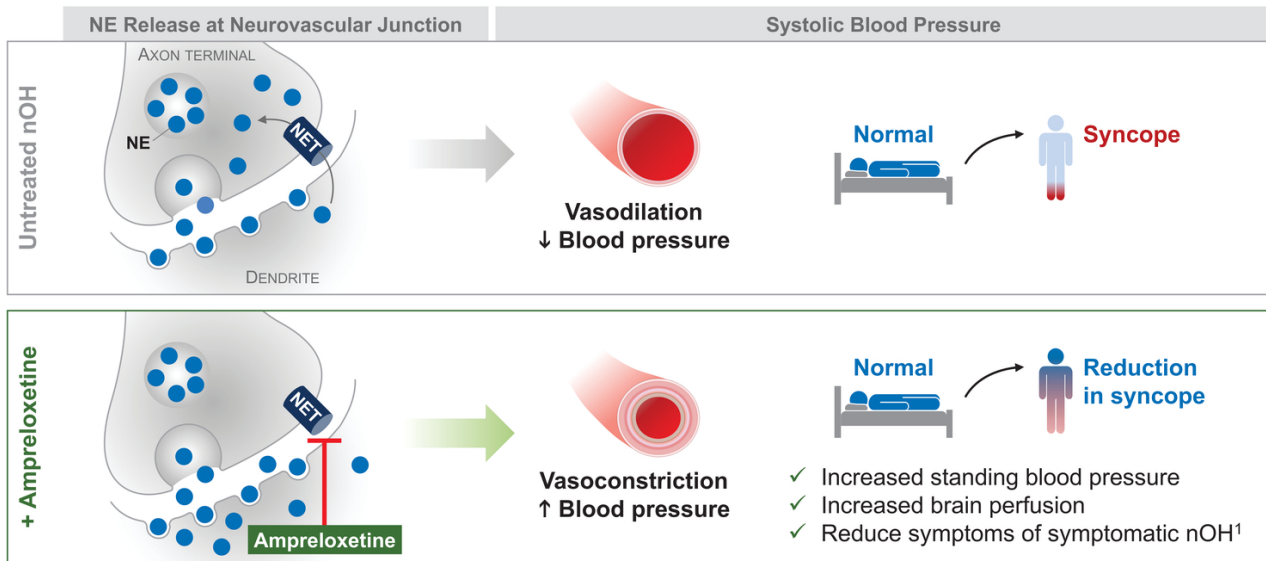
Subset of patients do not respond    None demonstrate durable effect    Safety profiles that limit use    Require multiple daily dosing



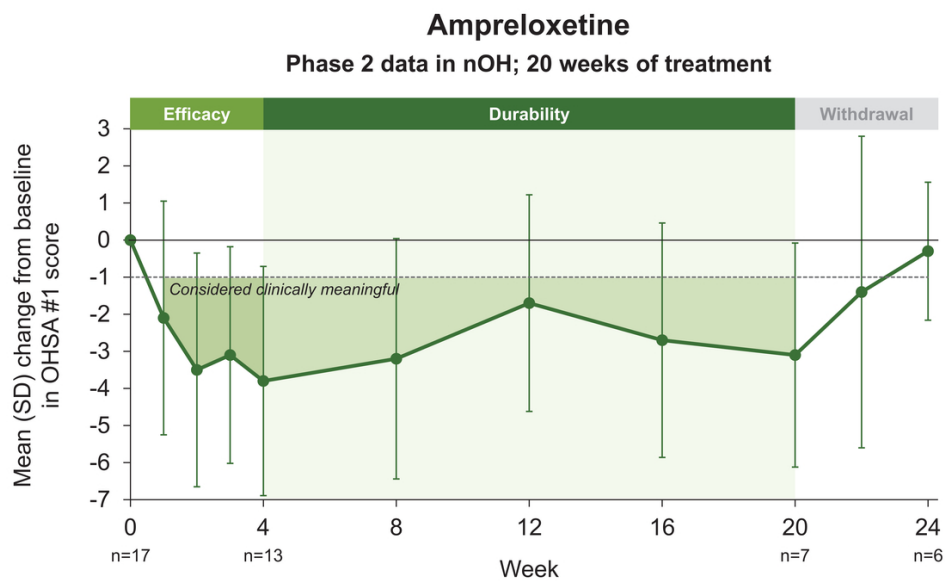
## Amprexetine

Designed to reduce symptoms of nOH by prolonging the effect of endogenous norepinephrine with the potential to provide a meaningful and durable symptom improvement to underserved patients

# Designed to reduce symptoms of nOH by prolonging the effect of endogenous norepinephrine



# Amprexetine: Potential to provide meaningful and durable symptom improvement to underserved patients



# Amprexetine: Phase 3 registrational program

## Randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled study



### SEQUOIA Study 0169

An ampreloxetine study for nOH

**Key inclusion criteria:** Age >30 y with symptomatic nOH with OHS #1 score  $\geq 4$

**Countries:** Australia, Canada, Europe, New Zealand, Russia, UK, US

N=188  
Randomization

Amprexetine

Placebo

Once-daily 10 mg oral dose:  
4 weeks

Q3'21  
Efficacy Data

#### Objectives

- ▶ **Primary:** Change from baseline in OHS #1 score at Week 4\*
- ▶ **Secondary:**
  - Change from baseline in OHS composite score over 4 wk
  - Change from baseline in OHDAS composite score over 4 wk
  - PGI-C at Week 4
  - Incidence of falls

#### Status

- ▶ Phase 3 registrational program ongoing
- ▶ All participants who complete Study 0169 are eligible for Study 0170

# Amprexetine: Phase 3 registrational program

## Placebo-controlled, randomized withdrawal study

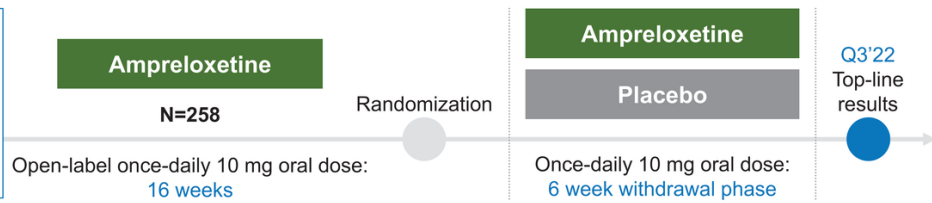


### REDWOOD Study 0170

An ampreloxetine study for snOH

**Key inclusion criteria:** Age >30 y with symptomatic nOH with OHSA #1 score  $\geq 4$

**Countries:** Argentina, Australia, Canada, Europe, New Zealand, Russia, UK, US



### Objectives

- ▶ **Primary:** 1-pt worsening from baseline in both OHSA #1 score\* and PGI-S during withdrawal phase
- ▶ **Secondary:** Changes from baseline at Week 6 post-randomization
  - OHSA #1
  - OHSA composite score
  - OHDAS composite score
  - PGI-S
  - % Time spent standing
  - Average no. of steps taken

### Status

- ▶ Phase 3 registrational program ongoing
- ▶ All participants who complete Study 0170 are eligible for Extension Study 0171

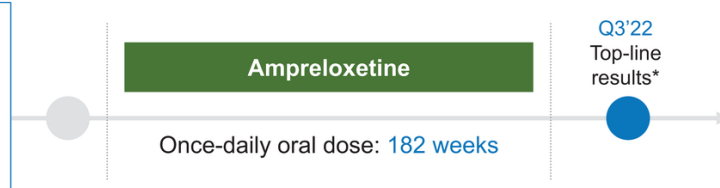


# Amprexetine: Phase 3 registrational program 6-month safety study + 3-year optional extension



**Key inclusion criteria:** patients who completed Study 0170 and, in investigator's opinion, would benefit from long-term treatment with ampreloxetine

**Countries:** Argentina, Australia, Canada, Europe, New Zealand, Russia, UK, US



## Primary endpoints

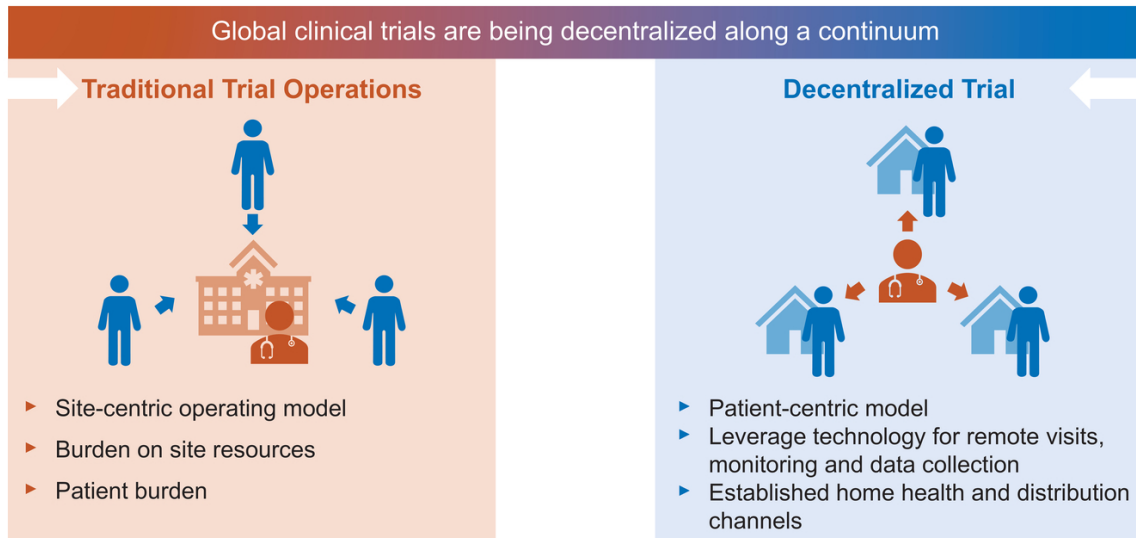
- ▶ Through Week 26:
  - Physical and neurological exams
  - Vital signs
  - ECGs
  - Clinical laboratory tests
  - Concomitant medications
  - AEs
  - Treatment compliance
  - Incidence of falls
  - Changes from baseline in C-SSRS

## Status

- ▶ Includes patients who completed Study 0170



# Decentralized trials move activities from the clinic to home



# Amprelosetine: has the potential to transform Theravance Biopharma into an independent commercial biopharma

## Established disease, targeted market

### Established nOH treatment paradigm

nOH is included in medical treatment guidelines for PD and MSA patients; once diagnosed, patients get on drug treatment quickly

### Specialist networks in place

A concentrated group of neurologists and cardiologists treat patients with nOH; 'at risk' patients already identified and managed by specialty institutions

### An urgency to treat

Physicians report high urgency to treat snOH due to the high impact on patients' QoL, high risk of injury from falls and caregiver burden

## A strong value proposition

### Manageable opportunity

TBPH's infrastructure capable of commercializing amprelosetine in the US with limited and targeted additions to current resources

### Understanding of current access barriers

Meaningful value proposition will drive patient access; Amprelosetine has the potential to improve the durability of treatment effect and thereby reduce costly events associated with nOH

### Established patient advocacy

Strong message from PD and MSA advocacy groups that patients need new therapies to better manage nOH



## **Izencitinib (TD-1473/JNJ-8398)**

Oral gut-selective pan-JAK inhibitor to treat  
inflammatory bowel diseases

# Need for new medicines to treat inflammatory bowel disease



**6.8M** global cases, 2017<sup>1</sup>

**1.6M** current US patients<sup>2</sup>

Current US **780K** CD cases<sup>3</sup>  
patients **907K** UC cases<sup>4</sup>

**\$16B** global IBD treatment market, 2018<sup>5</sup>

**\$31B** US disease burden<sup>2</sup>



Standard of care:

**Biologics have become the mainstay of treatment in moderate-to-severe patients**

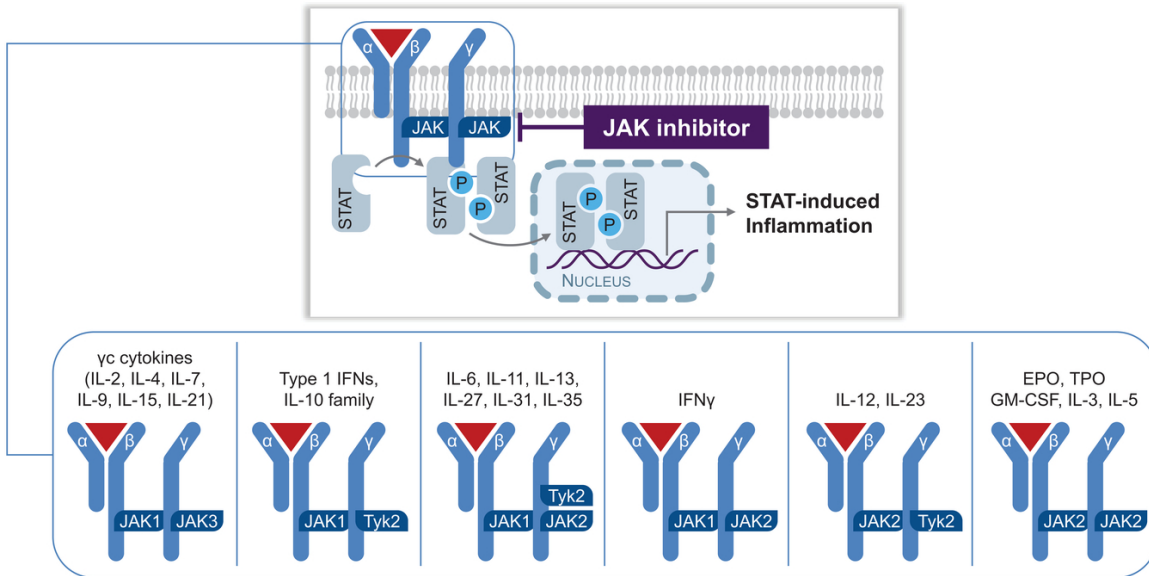
Steroids, immunosuppressants, and TNF inhibitors associated with side effects that further decrease HRQoL



## Izencitinib

Gut-selective agent: if used earlier in the course of disease, has potential to be a new cost-effective therapy option that reduces associated disease management costs and improves patient HRQoL

# JAK-STAT pathway: orchestrating signaling of multiple pro-inflammatory cytokines



# Izencitinib: Phase 2 study in Crohn's disease

## DIONE Study 0173

**Key inclusion criteria:** Age  $\geq 18$  y with moderately-to-severely active CD (CDAI 220–450) with corticosteroid dependence or failure of conventional or biologic therapy

**Countries:** Africa, Asia, Australia, EU, Middle East, New Zealand, UK, USA

**N=160**  
Randomization



Ph 2 dose-finding induction:  
once-daily oral dose for  
12 weeks

Active treatment extension:  
once-daily oral dose for  
48 weeks

Late Q4'21  
Early Q1'22  
Topline  
results

### Endpoints

- ▶ **Primary:** Improvement in CDAI score at week 12 in patients with moderately to severely active CD
- ▶ **Exploratory:**
  - Clinical response measured by CDAI at 12 weeks
  - CDAI clinical remission at 12 weeks
  - SES-CD change from baseline to Week 12
  - Endoscopic response [Time Frame: 12 weeks]
  - SFAP clinical remission [Time Frame: 12 weeks]

### Status

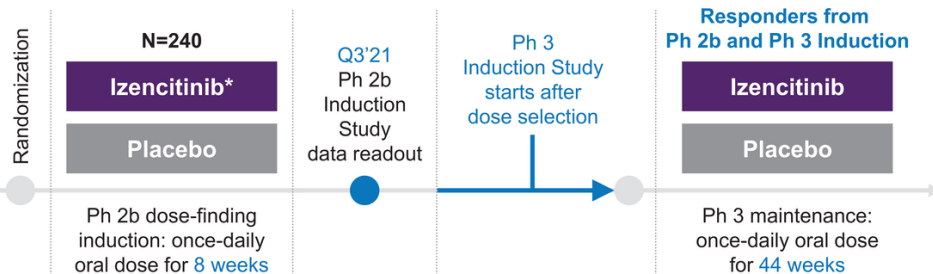
- ▶ Ongoing

# Izencitinib: Phase 2b Induction study in ulcerative colitis



**Key inclusion criteria:** Age  $\geq 18$  y with moderately-to-severely active UC with corticosteroid dependence or failure of conventional or biologic therapy

**Countries:** Africa, Asia, Australia, EU, Middle East, North America, Japan



## Endpoints

- ▶ **Primary:**
  - Change from baseline in TMS at Week 8
- ▶ **Secondary:**
  - Clinical remission by aMS components

## Status

- ▶ Ph 3 Maintenance ongoing



# Izencitinib: Phase 3 studies in ulcerative colitis



**Key inclusion criteria:** Age  $\geq 18$  y with moderately-to-severely active UC with corticosteroid dependence or failure of conventional or biologic therapy

**Countries:** Africa, Asia, Australia, EU, Middle East, North America, Japan

Ph 3 Induction Study starts after dose selection from Ph 2b Induction

Randomization

N=640

Izencitinib

Placebo

Ph 3 dose-confirming induction: once-daily oral dose for 8 weeks

Responders from Ph 2b and Ph 3 Induction

Izencitinib

Placebo

Ph 3 maintenance: once-daily oral dose for 44 weeks

## Endpoints

- ▶ **Primary:**
  - Induction & Maintenance: clinical remission by aMS components at Week 8 and mWeek 44
- ▶ **Secondary:**
  - Induction & Maintenance: endoscopic healing, symptomatic remission, clinical response by aMS, mucosal healing, maintenance of clinical response, corticosteroid-free remission, maintenance of clinical remission

## Status

- ▶ Phase 3 Induction study to begin post Phase 2b completion
- ▶ Phase 3 Maintenance study ongoing

# Izencitinib: Phase 3 study in ulcerative colitis

## RHEA PROGRAM Study 0164

**Key inclusion criteria:** Eligible patients from Ph 3 Maintenance Study of Protocol 0157

**Countries:** Africa, Asia, Australia, EU, Middle East, North America, Japan

Izencitinib

Long-term treatment  
156 weeks (3 years)

### Endpoints

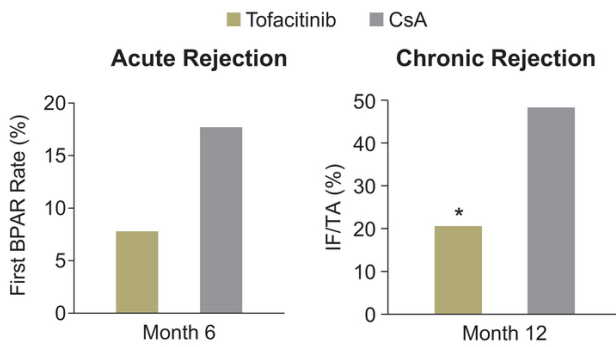
#### ► Primary:

- Assess the safety and tolerability of izencitinib administered for up to 3 years in patients with moderate-to-severe UC after participation in the Protocol 0157 Maintenance Study

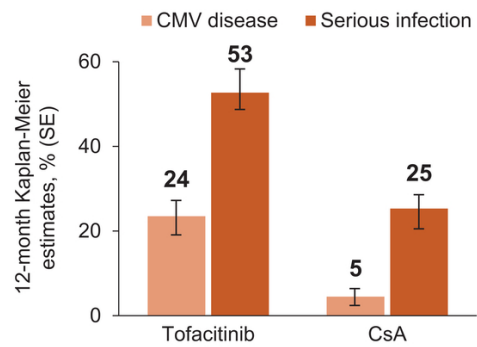
# Pan-JAK inhibitors can prevent transplant rejections

Noninferiority trial of tofacitinib vs cyclosporine (CsA) in kidney transplant recipients<sup>1</sup>

## Tofacitinib is superior to CsA in efficacy measures



## Increased infection risk with tofacitinib over CsA



- ▶ JAK inhibition was superior to cyclosporine in prevention of acute and chronic rejections
- ▶ Serious infections increased with systemic JAK inhibitors including CMV



**TD-8236**

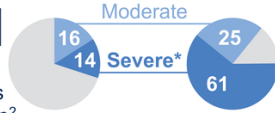
Potential first inhaled JAKi for asthma

# High medical and economic burden in uncontrolled asthma



**339M**  
cases worldwide<sup>1</sup>

**25M**  
US cases  
8% of adults  
8% of children<sup>2</sup>



Healthcare utilization<sup>3</sup>

**~\$58B** US medical costs<sup>4</sup>  
**~\$15B** US asthma market (October 2020)<sup>5</sup>



**ICS + LABA** (often fail to control disease)  
**Approved biologics** (affect subsets of patients)

- XOLAIR (omalizumab)
- NUCALA (mepolizumab)
- CINQAIR (reslizumab)
- FASENRA (benralizumab)
- DUPIXENT (dupilumab)

Step-up for severe asthma: LTRAs, tiotropium, OCS, biologics

JAK/STAT cytokines implicated in moderate-to-severe asthma

T2-high	T2-low
<b>IL-4</b>	<b>IL-23/IL-12</b>
<b>IL-13</b>	<b>IL-6</b>
<b>IL-5</b>	IL-27
<b>TSLP</b>	IFN- $\gamma$

Bold: biologics in development or approved.

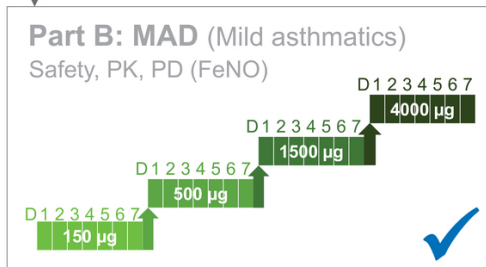
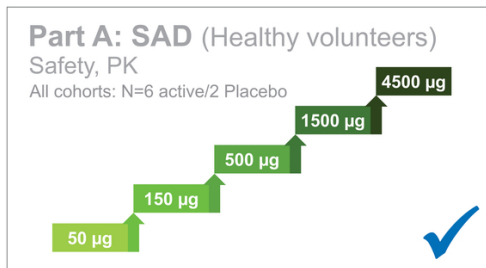


**TD-8236**

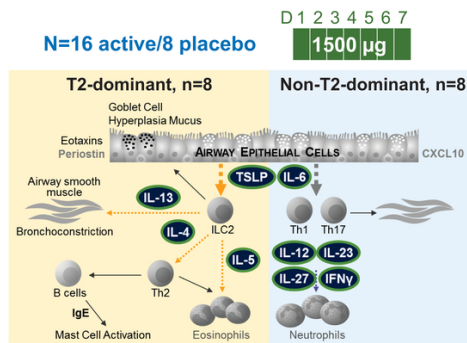
Potential to transform the treatment of respiratory inflammation by treating moderate-to-severe asthma regardless of T2 phenotype, including patients who remain symptomatic despite compliance on high-dose ICS

# TD-8236: Phase 1 clinical trial design

Parts A & B completed September 2019; Part C enrollment completed — data reported in Q4 2020



## Part C: MoA Biomarkers (Moderate-to-severe asthmatics + ICS)



- ▶ Goal: build confidence in compound, MoA and dose in early-development
- ▶ Endpoints: FeNO; pSTAT1 and pSTAT6 in bronchoalveolar lavage fluid; cytokines; epithelial gene expression

# TD-8236: Positive Phase 1 trial in healthy subjects and patients with mild and moderate-to-severe asthma

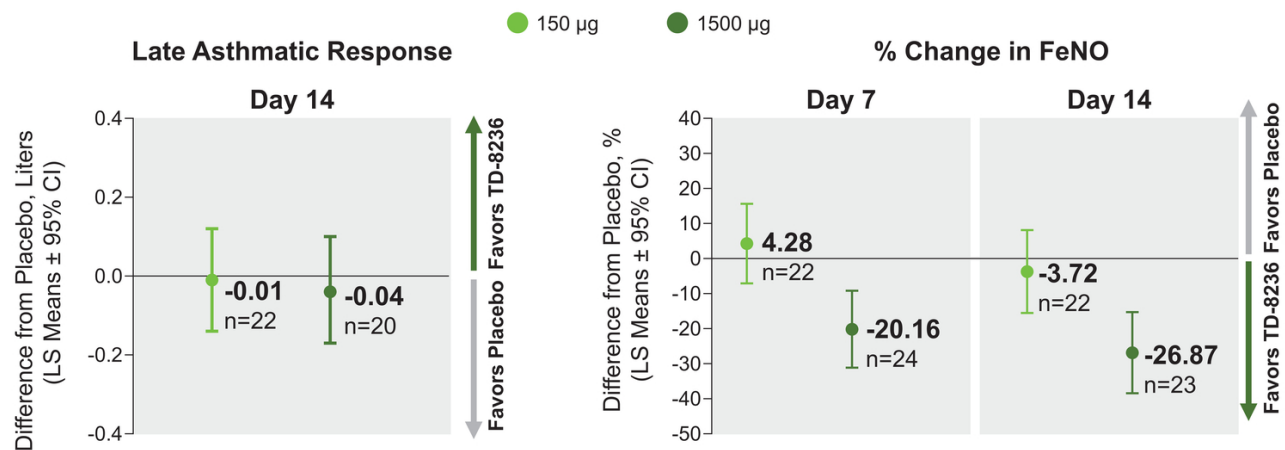
Phase 1 Profile	Healthy Volunteer Single Dose (Part A)	Mild Asthma Multiple Dose (Part B)	Moderate-to-Severe Asthma [+ ICS] Multiple Dose (Part C)
Generally well tolerated	✓	✓	✓
Minimal systemic exposure	✓	✓	✓
PK and PD profile consistent with once-daily dosing	✓	✓	✓
Biologic activity in lungs of patients with asthma		✓ ↓ FeNO	✓ ↓ FeNO, pSTAT1, pSTAT6

- ▶ Biomarkers of JAK target engagement (pSTAT1 and pSTAT6) significantly reduced in lungs of T2 high and T2 low moderate/severe asthmatics on top of ICS
- ▶ Ongoing analysis of effect of TD-8236 on additional biomarkers including cytokines and gene expression



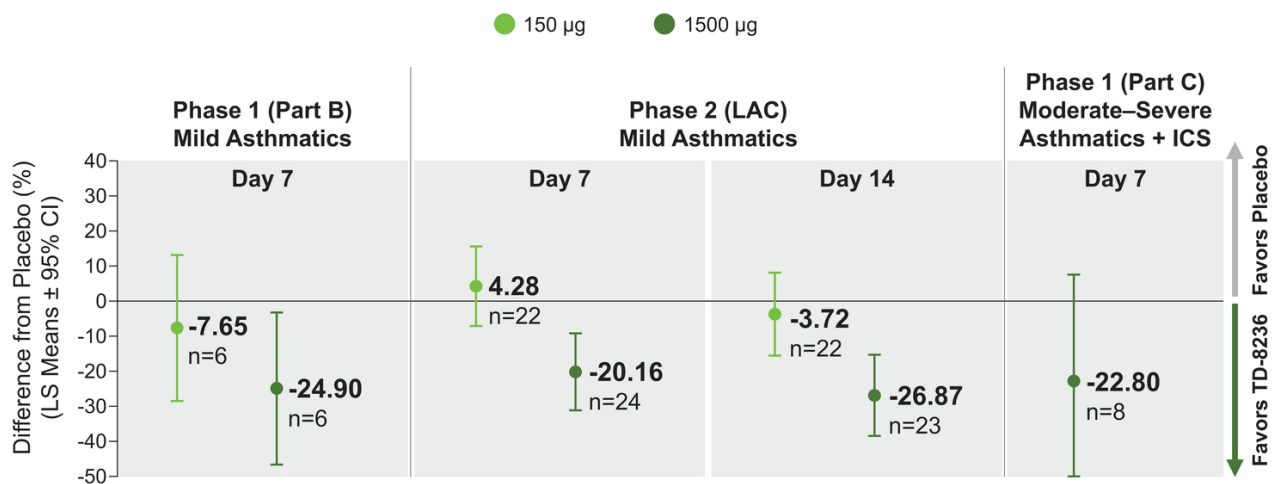
# No impact of TD-8236 on the Late Asthmatic Response (LAR)

Significant reductions in inflammation marker (FeNO) and favorable safety and tolerability



► TD-8236 was generally well tolerated as a single-daily dose administered for 14 consecutive days

# TD-8236 FeNO reductions consistent across Phase 1 and 2



- ▶ FeNO reductions observed in moderate-to-severe asthmatics taking inhaled corticosteroids



## TD-5202

Organ-gut selective irreversible JAK3 inhibitor  
to treat inflammatory intestinal diseases

# Celiac disease has no current treatments and serious health consequences



**1%**  
Global prevalence<sup>1</sup>

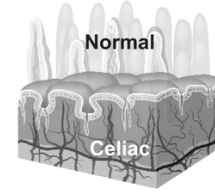
**3.3M**  
US patients<sup>2,3</sup>

**4–4.5x**  
increase in US  
over past 50 y<sup>4</sup>

**>2x**  
higher healthcare  
costs than controls<sup>5</sup>



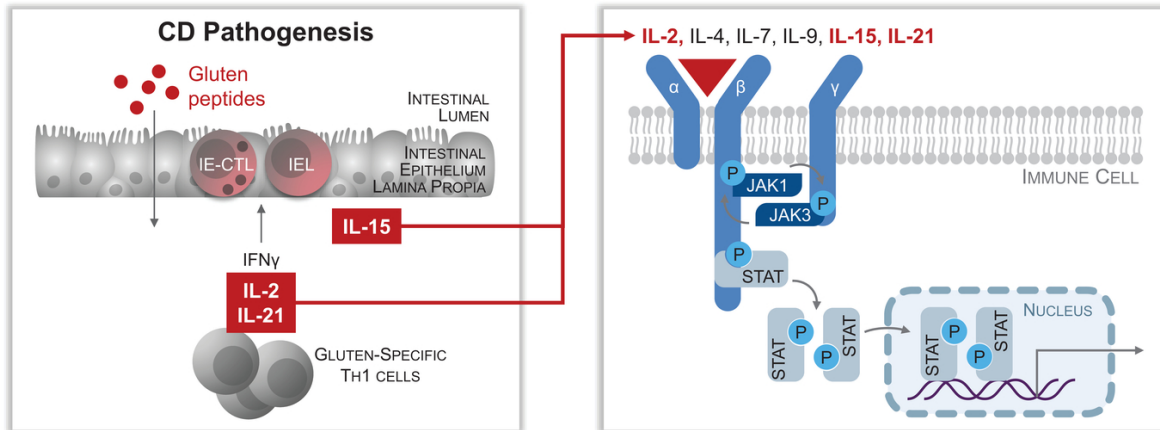
**No approved treatment**  
Only available intervention is strict life-long gluten-free diet  
**30%** of diagnosed patients are poorly controlled despite best dietary efforts<sup>6</sup>



**TD-5202**

Organ-gut selective irreversible JAK3 inhibitor:  
potential to deliver significant value for both patients and payers

# JAK3-dependent cytokines play central role in pathogenesis of celiac disease



- ▶ Proof-of-relevance from recent positive Phase 2 data with systemic JAK3 inhibitor in alopecia areata, another T-cell mediated disease
- ▶ Localized JAK3 inhibition has the potential to avoid systemic immunosuppression (genetic JAK3 deficiency leads to severe immunodeficiency)

## TD-5202 First-in-human overall results summary

TD-5202: generally well-tolerated (single dose  $\leq 2000$  mg, multiple doses  $\leq 1000$  mg BID) for 10 consecutive days in healthy subjects



- ▶ No serious or severe AEs were reported
- ▶ All treatment-emergent AEs in TD-5202-treated subjects were mild in severity



- ▶ No clinically significant changes from baseline in vital signs and ECG assessments
- ▶ No clinically significant changes in chemistry or hematology parameters
  - No changes in NK cell count




- ▶ Systemic exposures were dose proportional from 100 to 1000 mg BID
- ▶ Low steady-state systemic exposures: mean  $C_{\max,ss}$  ~11-fold below the protein-adjusted JAK  $IC_{50}$  at the highest tested dose (1000 mg BID), consistent with a gut-selective approach



## Inhaled ALK5i

Potential best-in-disease therapy for the treatment of idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis (IPF)







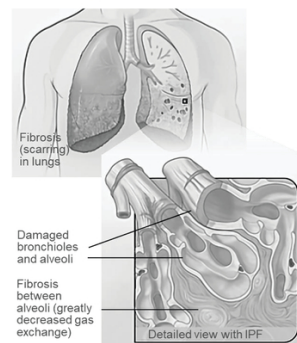
# Idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis (IPF) remains a fatal chronic lung disease with limited treatment options

PATIENT  
POPULATION

**140,000**  
US prevalence;  
currently orphan disease<sup>1,2</sup>

 Profound dyspnea, unrelenting cough,  
impairment of activities of daily living  
 Mortality with IPF remains high

Lungs with IPF<sup>3</sup>



CURRENT  
TREATMENT  
LANDSCAPE

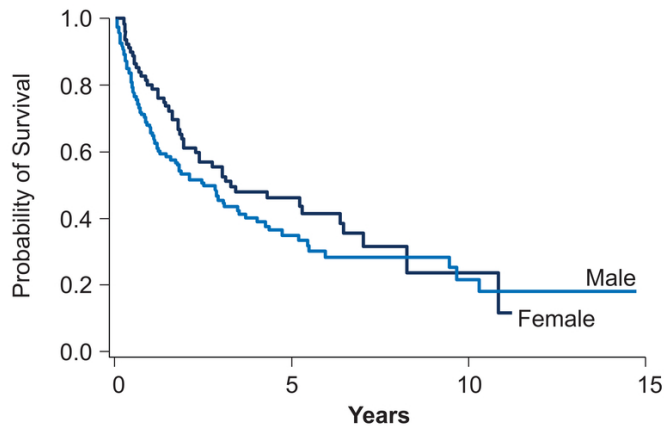
**Limited treatment options**  
**2** currently approved therapies, with modest  
efficacy and poor tolerability

STRATEGIC  
OPPORTUNITY

**Inhaled  
ALK5i**

Potential first-in-class inhaled ALK5 inhibitor anti-fibrotic agent for IPF  
Despite treatment with the current SoC, IPF patients continue to experience disease  
progression and exacerbation

# Significant opportunity remains for effective IPF treatments

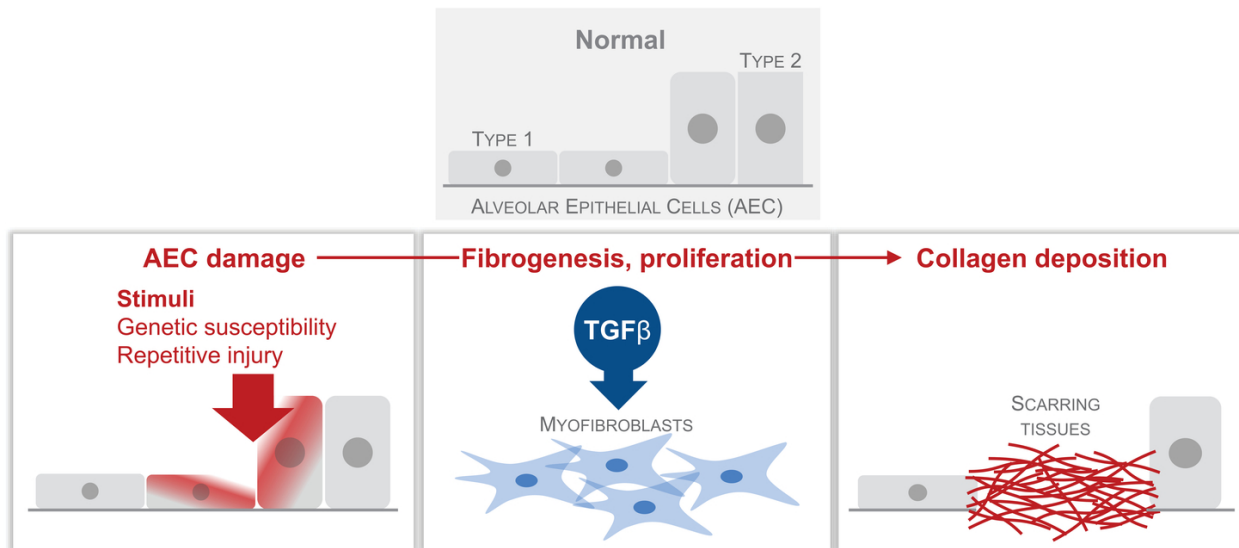


- ▶ Mortality with IPF remains high
  - <50% alive 3 years after diagnosis<sup>1</sup>

Goal  To arrest disease progression with improved tolerability

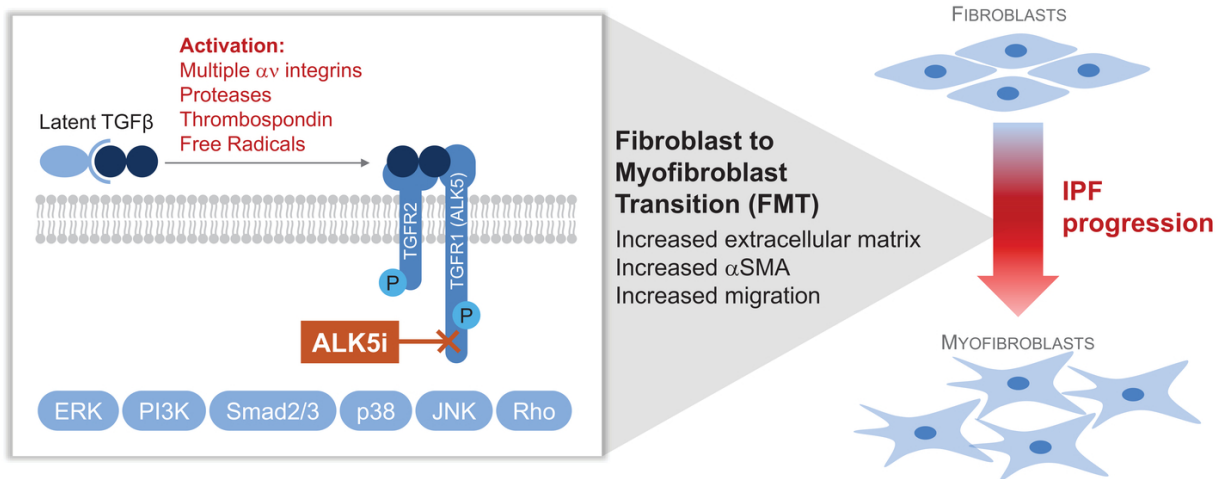
# Targeting the TGF $\beta$ pathway

A core signaling pathway that drives fibrosis

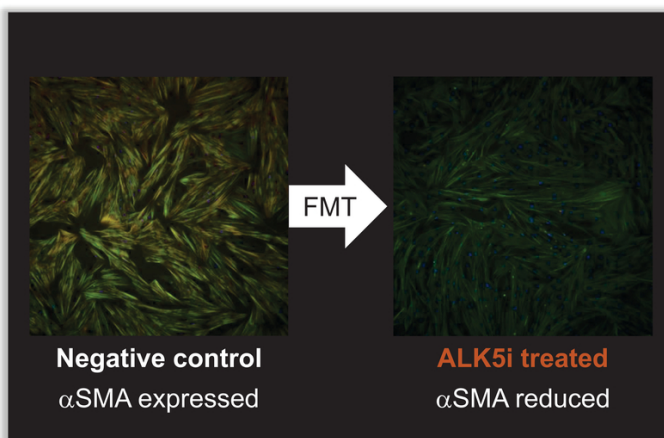
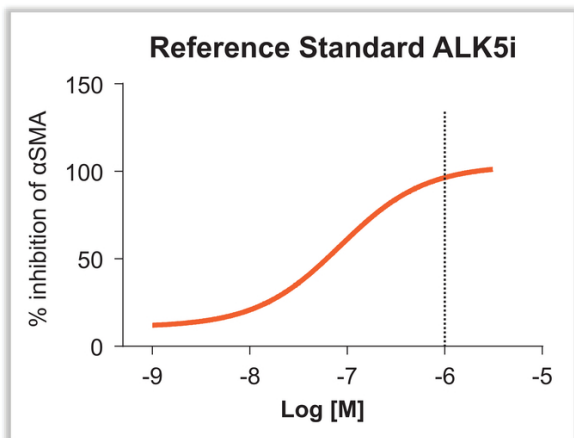


# Selectively targeting the TGFβ pathway through ALK5 inhibition

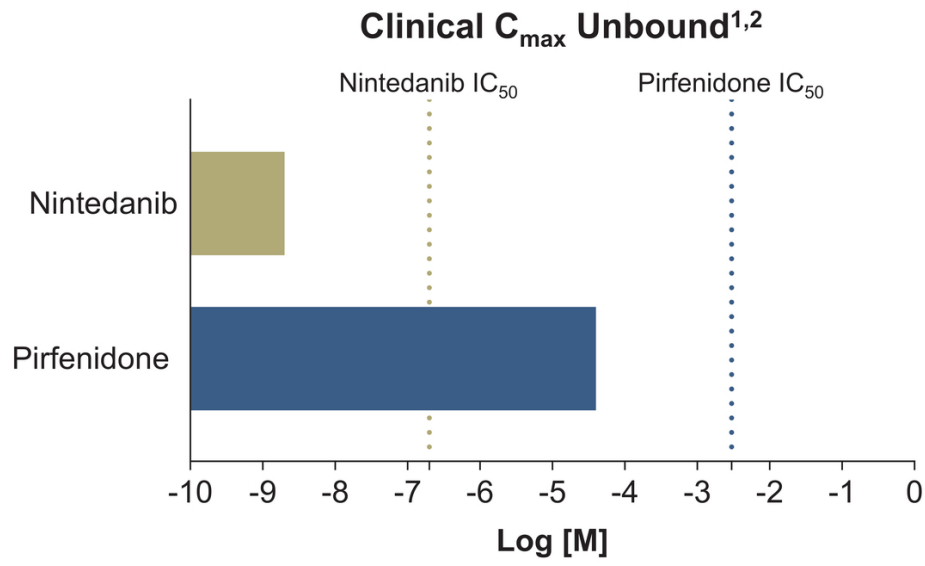
Inhibiting a core signaling pathway that drives fibrosis regardless of activation mechanism



# ALK5 inhibition directly interrupts FMT in IPF

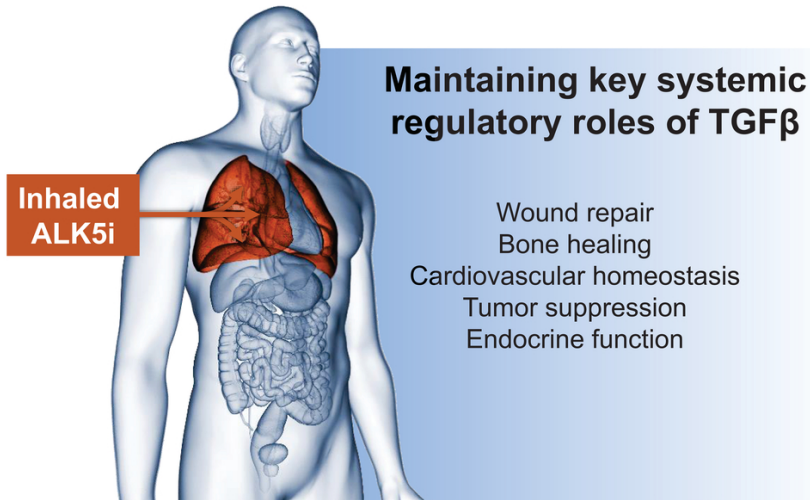


# Current treatment options have no effect on FMT at clinically relevant concentrations



# Lung selectivity avoids unwanted systemic side effects

Minimizing systemic inhibition of a cytokine essential for homeostasis

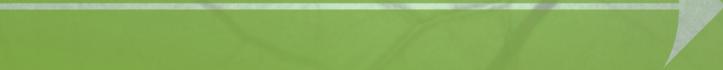






## Ocular JAKi

Potential best-in-disease, pan-JAK inhibitor with long-acting ocular anti-inflammatory activity



# Diabetic macular edema causes blindness in diabetics



**2.7 million**  
US prevalence<sup>1</sup>

**#1** cause of  
blindness in  
diabetes<sup>2</sup>

**140%** higher direct and indirect  
healthcare costs  
in patients with DME vs  
diabetics without ocular disease<sup>3</sup>



**1st** — **Anti-VEGF treatments** Most patients have suboptimal response

**2nd** — **Intraocular steroids** Side effects limit utility

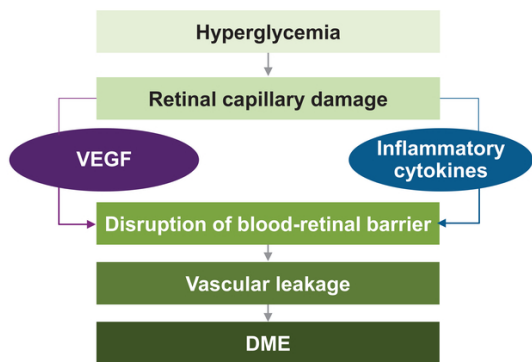
**Nonpharmacological treatments** (e.g. laser coagulation) limited efficacy and significant adverse events



**Ocular  
JAKi**

Potential to offer an alternative treatment for DME patients who are not optimally responding to treatment with VEGFi

# Inflammation, not just VEGF, is a key driver of DME



## Current Pharmacological Treatments

### Intraocular anti-VEGF agents

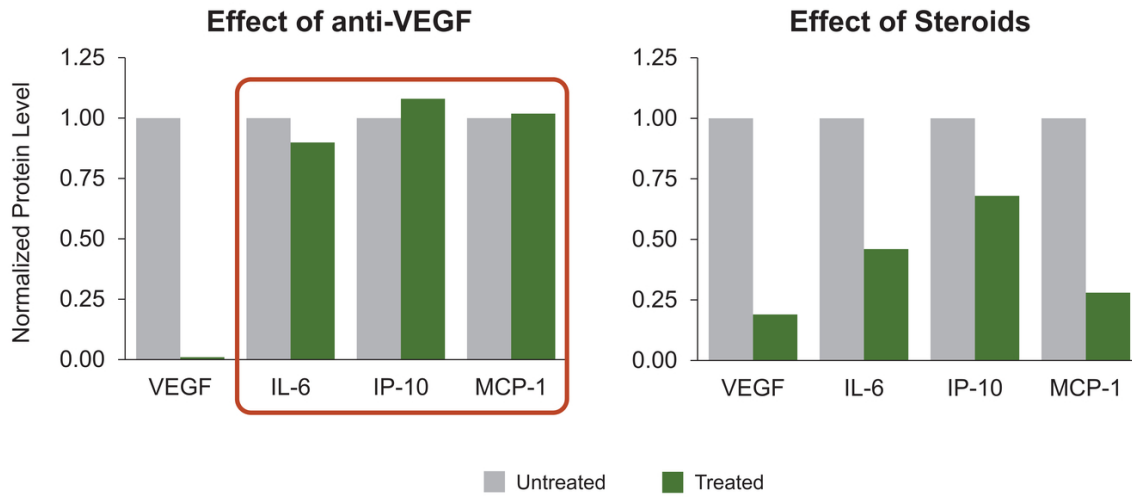
- ▶ One third do not respond to anti-VEGF while another third have a suboptimal response<sup>1</sup>
- ▶ Require frequent intravitreal injections

### Intraocular steroids

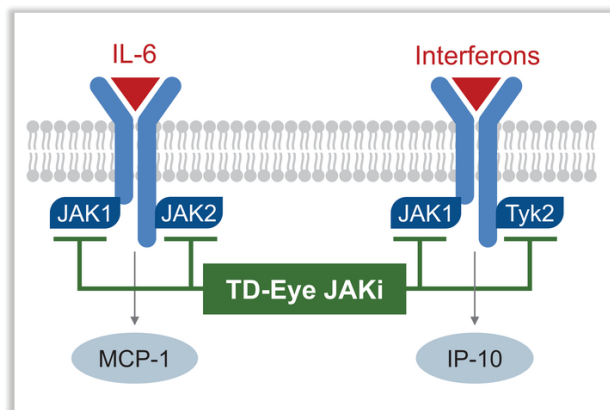
- ▶ High frequency of formation of cataracts and glaucoma

Need for broad, sustained release, anti-inflammatory with a safer side-effect profile

# Unmet need for an anti-inflammatory drug: opportunity for eye-selective JAK inhibition



# Ocular pan-JAK inhibition has the potential to address key disease pathways in DME



TD-EyeJAKi inhibits key DME inflammatory pathways:

- ▶ IL-6 and interferon signaling pathways in human primary cells
- ▶ IL-6 induced pSTAT3 and interferon-induced IP-10 in the back of the eye *in vivo*

# A pan-JAK inhibitor designed for eye selectivity with projected dosing interval of at least three months

